



SURVEY OBJECTIVES





- Research study to examine American Workers' sense of optimism about their careers in the context of workplace, economic, and societal trends and challenges.
- Additional insights from employers to provide comparison between the workforce and those who hire, train, and retain them.
- First conducted among Workers in 2021, we added employers in 2022; the report includes year-over-year tracking data for both audiences, where applicable.

SURVEY METHODOLOGY + SAMPLE DEFINITIONS





- 20-minute, online survey among:
 - Total Workforce: n=5000 US, nationally representative adults, age 18+, who either currently work or wish to be working (MOE +/- 1.39%)
 - Oversamples of n=300 adults in each of the top 20 designated market areas (DMAs): New York City, Los Angeles, Chicago, Philadelphia, Dallas, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, Washington D.C., Houston, Boston, Atlanta, Phoenix, Tampa, Seattle, Detroit, Minneapolis, Miami, Denver, Orlando, Cleveland, Sacramento (sample sizes + MOEs below)
 - Employers: n=501 US employers who are influential or play a critical role in hiring and workplace decisions within a range of departments, company sizes, and industries
- Fieldwork was conducted between December 5, 2023 January 13, 2024 (inclusive of DMAs)
- DMA sample sizes and margin of errors:
 - New York City +/- 5.66 (n=300)
 Los Angeles +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
 - 203 Angeles 17- 3.00 (II- 30
 - Chicago +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
 - Philadelphia +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
 - Dallas +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
 - SF-Oak-San Jose +/- 5.66 (n=300)
- Washington D.C. +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Houston +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Boston +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Atlanta +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Phoenix +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Tampa +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Seattle +/- 5.66 (n= 300)

- Detroit +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Minneapolis +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Miami +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Denver +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Orlando +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Cleveland +/- 5.66 (n= 300)
- Sacramento +/- 5.66 (n=300)

ANALYSIS SHOWN IN THIS REPORT





- American Workers This report reflects analysis of the Workforce audience of 5,000
 US adults and includes year-over-year shifts for tracked questions. Throughout the
 report, there are several demographic and psychographic data call-outs to help readers
 understand the differences between various types of workers among the broader
 audience.
- DMAs Data is reported among workers residing in the top 20 U.S. DMAs, which are also tracked year over year.
- Employers The report also includes data for 501 Employers.
- There are several call-outs for demographic differences throughout the report; additional demographic data is available upon request.
- This year, we've integrated advanced statistical analysis and econometric modeling to
 determine the bottom-line impacts of investing in career optimism for both workers and
 employers. To understand the value of their optimism, the survey data was linked to
 third party data to model the financial benefits of increasing career optimism.

Note: In this study, White-collar workers are defined as Employed Americans who mainly work in an office setting (e.g., accounting, communications, legal work, etc.). Blue-collar workers are defined as Employed Americans who mainly do manual ⁵ work/work with their hands or provide direct services to others (e.g., plumbing, electrical work, retail, waiting tables, etc.).



OVERVIEW OF 2024 FINDINGS

3

Employers are making fewer hires, so when they are recruiting, they are seeking the perfect match for the skills they require. However, they aren't finding well-qualified applicants.

2

They feel replaceable in their current roles, and employers share this belief.

1

The last year of layoffs, strikes, and economic uncertainty has caused tension for American workers.

4

Employers are overlooking potential within their existing workforce; workers report a desire for career advancement and acquiring new skills, but do not have clarity on opportunities for advancement in their current role. This has created a moment of talent stagnation – both for employers and workers.

5

Despite these factors, workers do consistently feel optimistic about the future of their careers and their abilities.

6

So, by providing clearer and more personalized opportunities for workers to advance internally, employers have the opportunity to develop the dynamic talent they need from within.



What's more, statistical modelling reveals that if employers don't solve for talent stagnation, they'll miss out on significant business savings; when employers invest in boosting career optimism among workers, they can save up to \$8,053 per worker per year and workers can add up to \$5,270 to their annual salary.





CONTEXT

The last year of layoffs, strikes, and economic uncertainty has caused tension for American workers. They feel replaceable in their current roles, and employers share this belief.

Employers are making fewer hires, so when they are recruiting, they are seeking the perfect match for the skills they require. However, they aren't finding well-qualified applicants. Employers are overlooking potential within their existing workforce, who report a desire for career advancement and acquiring new skills. This has created a moment of talent stagnation.

Despite these factors, workers do consistently feel optimistic about the future of their careers and their abilities. So, by providing clearer and more personalized opportunities for workers to advance internally, employers have the opportunity to develop the dynamic talent they need from within. What's more, statistical modelling reveals that if employers don't solve for talent stagnation, they'll miss out on significant business savings.



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- The last year of layoffs, strikes, and economic uncertainty has caused tension for American workers
 - 20% of workers are dissatisfied with their current job altogether and 42% worry about losing their job due to a bad economy.
 - Americans have a negative outlook on their financial security, with 42% of Americans saying that they can
 afford less now than they could two years ago, and 38% of workers say their salary has not increased at
 the same rate as inflation.
- They feel replaceable in their current roles, and employers share this belief
 - 53% of Americans say they are easily replaceable in their job position, up 4% from 2023. Employers have similar levels of agreement (52%, though down 8pts from 2023).
 - A third of workers do not feel recognized by their company's leadership for their contributions (30%) and do not feel empowered (27%) at their current job.
- Employers are making fewer hires, so when they are recruiting, they are seeking the perfect match for the skills they require. However, they aren't finding well-qualified applicants.
 - 62% of employers say their company has experienced some sort of slowed/declining growth over the past year through hiring freezes, layoffs, restructuring etc., and only 19% of employers say their company expects to hire 51+ people over the next year (compared to 25% in 2023).
 - Half (51%) of employers report that in the past year, it took one month or more to fill an empty position at their company (consistent with last year).
 - Additionally, 56% of employers say it has been difficult to find new talent in the past year, with the top challenge being a lack of well-qualified applicants (cited by 44% of employers).



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- Employers are overlooking potential within their existing workforce, who report a desire for career advancement and acquiring new skills.
 - Workers do not have clarity on opportunities to advance in their current role:
 - 62% of employers say their company currently offers opportunities for internal mobility, however only 36% of workers agree.
 - 90% of employers say their company provides workers with opportunities for career development, however only 69% of workers agree.
 - o They see a need to continue skilling and highly value employer investments in this space:
 - 74% of workers say they need to continue to learn new skills to stay ahead in their career and 66% say they need to improve their skillset to advance in their career.
 - 65% of workers say that how much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its workers is something they consider when looking at new opportunities.
- This has created a moment of talent stagnation.
 - Workers are more likely to feel like they do not have the ability to advance in their career at their current job when their company does not provide a mentorship program (49%), skills development opportunities (55%), opportunities for internal mobility (55%), or career path guidelines (53%).
- Despite these factors, workers do consistently feel optimistic about the future of their careers and their abilities.
 - o 78% of Americans are hopeful about the future of their career.
 - They feel in control of their professional future (72%) and feel positively about the job opportunities available to them (68%).



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- By providing clearer and more personalized opportunities for workers to advance internally, employers have the opportunity to develop the dynamic talent they need from within.
 - The largest gaps between what resources employers currently offer, and what employees are noticing from their employers, are centered on upward mobility within their organization, through career pathing conversations, visibility with leadership, networking, and mentoring opportunities.
 - When employees are aware of available opportunities, they are highly satisfied with them: 82% are satisfied with their opportunities for internal mobility, 86% are satisfied with conversations with their manager about their career path, and 88% are satisfied with the visibility they have from upper management.
 - Employers must also do more to personalize the career advancement journey by offering flexibility in the workplace, employers can empower workers to personalize their approach to work in a way that enables better job performance and career advancement.
- Statistical modelling reveals that if employers do not solve for talent stagnation, they will miss out on significant business savings.
 - When employers invest in boosting career optimism among workers, they can save up to \$8,053 per worker per year and workers can add up to \$5,270 to their annual salary.



DMA ANALYSIS – KEY STANDOUTS

Career Optimism:

- Americans in Washington D.C. (85%), Miami (84%), and Phoenix (84%) are most optimistic about the future of their career the same top 3 DMAs as last year. Detroit (74%) and New York City (74%) are least optimistic.
- Americans in Minneapolis (50%), Philadelphia (49%) and Boston (48%) are the most likely to feel they do not have the ability to advance in their careers (national average: 38%).

Finances:

- Detroit (48%) and Minneapolis (46%) workers are more likely than the national average (38%) to say their salary has not increased at the same rate as inflation.
- However, Americans in both of these DMAs are not anymore likely than the national average (42%) to say they can afford less now than they could two years ago (Detroit 41%, Minneapolis 36%) rather, those in Tampa are the most likely to feel this way (46%).

Career Mobility or Career Changes:

- Americans in Washington D.C. (55%), Miami (54%), and Sacramento (53%) are the most likely to say they are actively looking for a new job or expecting to look in the next six months.
- Workers in Washington D.C. (49%), Cleveland (47%), and Orlando (47%) are the most likely to say their current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility.



DMA ANALYSIS – KEY STANDOUTS

Skilling:

- Reskilling opportunities are most lacking in Minneapolis (57%), Tampa (57%), and Boston (55%) compared to the national average (39%), where workers say their employers never provide specific <u>reskilling</u> opportunities. Boston is also one of the top DMAs where employees say employers never provide <u>upskilling</u> opportunities (45%), along with New York City (45%), Philadelphia (43%), and Chicago (43%) (vs. national average: 32%).
- Skilling has an impact on company turnover as the majority of workers say they would be more willing to stay if their company provided more opportunities to apply new skills. This is highest in Washington D.C. (76%) and Houston (74%).

Artificial Intelligence/Al:

- Americans in Washington D.C. (58%), Denver (57%), Sacramento (57%), and Atlanta (57%) are more likely than the national average (53%) to they need support learning new skills or tools related to AI.
- Similarly, workers in Washington D.C. are also more likely than the national average (54%) and all other DMAs to say that knowing how to use AI would give them an advantage in their career (72%). Currently, these workers also feel the most knowledgeable about AI (57%, compared to the national average of 48%).

Flexibility:

• Flexible working opportunities would help improve workers' mental health across all DMAs, but especially so in Washington D.C. (82%; national average: 69%).

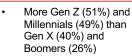
THE LAST YEAR OF LAYOFFS, STRIKES, AND ECONOMIC UNCERTAINTY HAS CAUSED TENSION FOR AMERICAN WORKERS

WORKERS AND EMPLOYERS ARE WORRIED ABOUT THE CURRENT ECONOMY'S IMPACT ON JOBS

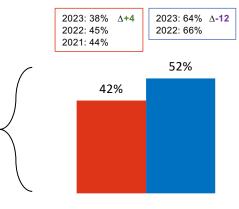
JOB SECURITY AND SATISFACTION

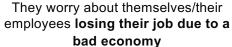
(Shown % Top 2 Agree; Bottom 2 Dissatisfied; Among those employed)

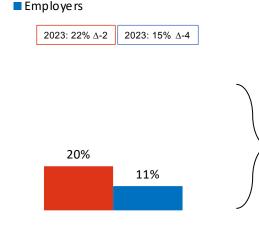
Workers



- More Latinx (48%), Asian (47%), and Black (46%) Americans than White (39%)
- More remote (49%) and hybrid (47%) workers than in-person workers (36%)
- More people living in urban areas (46%) than those in rural (40%) and suburban (39%) areas







They / their employees are dissatisfied in their current job

- More people living in suburban areas (23%) than those who live in urban (18%) and rural (18%) areas
- More people with income under 50k (24%) than \$50k-\$99.9k (20%), \$100k-\$149.9k (17%), and \$150k+ (13%)
- Houston (23%) and SF-Oak-San Jose (23%) are the most likely DMAs to say they are dissatisfied in their current job

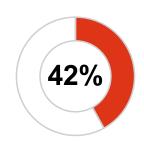
Q7: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Base: Among those employed: 2021/2022/2023/2024 Total Workforce n=4123/n=4404/n=4131/n=4137, Remote n=727, Hybrid n=1365, In-person n=2045, Urban n=1324, Suburban n=1871, Rural n=943, Gen Z n=521, Millennial n=1478, Gen X n=1397, Boomer n=724, White n=2622, Black n=307, Latinx n=907, Asian n=168. Q91: Overall, how satisfied would you say you are in your current job? Base: Among those employed: 2023/2024Total Workforce n=4131/n=4137, Urban n=1324, Suburban n=1871, Rural n=943, Urban n=152, \$50,000-\$99,999 n=1420, \$100,000-\$149,999 n=669, \$150,000+ n=489, Houston n=252, SF-Oak-San Jose n=267. Q7_EMP: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Base: 2022/2023/2024 Employers n=500/n=501. Q91 EMP: Thinking about employees who you've hired/at your company, how satisfied do you think they are in their current jobs? Base: 2023/2024 Employers n=500/n=501.

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text \(\Delta \) Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

STAGNATING WAGES AND INFLATION LEAD WORKERS TO HAVE A NEGATIVE OUTLOOK ON THEIR FINANCIAL SECURITY

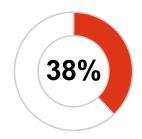
FINANCIAL SECURITY

(Shown % Selected; Bottom 2 Pessimistic)



Of Americans say they can **afford less now** than they could two years ago

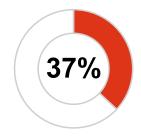
- More Blue-collar workers (42%) than White-collar workers (35%)
- More in-person workers (42%) than remote (37%) and hybrid (34%) workers
- More people living in rural areas (49%) than those in suburban (42%) and urban (37%) areas
 - More Women (45%) than Men (39%)



Of Workers say their salary / wage has not increased at

the same rate as inflation

- More Blue-collar workers (47%) than White-collar workers (44%)
- More people living in rural (41%) and suburban (40%) areas than those in urban (32%)
- More Millennial (36%), Gen X (42%) and Boomers (45%) than Gen Z (26%)
- More Asian (42%) and White (40%) Americans than Black (34%) and Latinx (33%) Americans



Of Americans feel pessimistic about their compensation

- More Women (40%) than Men (34%)
- More people living in suburban (40%) and rural (40%) areas than those in urban areas (32%)
- More Blue-collar workers (38%) than White-collar workers (34%)

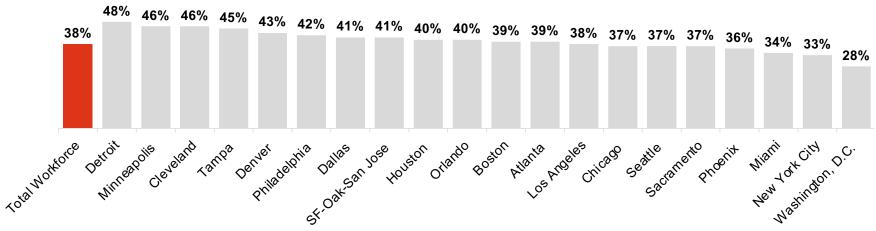
Q99: Thinking about the past year, which of the following, if any, apply to you when it comes to your financial situation? Base: Total Workforce n=5000, Women n=2340, Men n=2640, Urban n=1620, Suburban n=2223, Rural n=1157; Among those employed: Total Workforce n=4137, Blue-collar workers n=2213, White-collar workers n=1925. Urban n=1324, Suburban n=1871, Rural n=943, Gen Z n=521, Millennial n=1478, Gen X n=1397, Bouner n=724, White n=2622, Black n=307, Latinx n=907, Asian n=168. Q50: How do you feel about the following aspects of your career? Base: Total Workforce n=5000, Women n=2340, Men n=2640, Urban n=1620, Suburban n=2223, Rural n=1157, Blue-collar workers n=2213, White-collar workers n=1925.

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

WORKERS IN SEVERAL MAJOR CITIES SAY THAT THEIR SALARY IS NOT INCREASING AT THE SAME RATE AS INFLATION

"MY SALARY/WAGE HAS NOT INCREASED AT THE SAME RATE AS INFLATION"

(Shown % Selected; Among those employed)

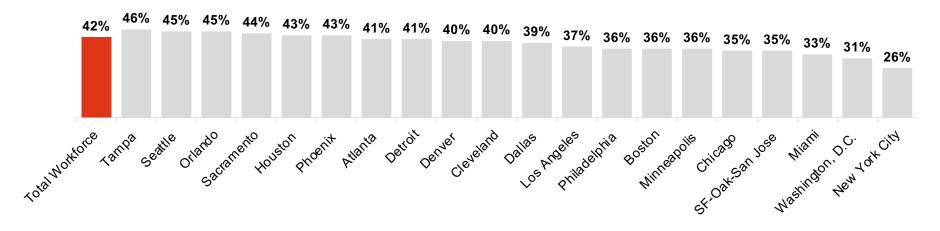


Q99: Thinking about the past year, which of the following, if any, apply to you when it comes to your financial situation? Base: Among those employed: 2024 Total Workforce n=4137, New York City n=281, Los Angeles n=274, Chicago n=264, Philadelphia n=264, Dallas n=262, San Francisco-Oak-San Jose n=267, Washington, D.C. n=253, Houston n=252, Boston n=267, Atlanta n=246, Phoenix n=256, Tampa n=258, Seattle n=254, Detroit n=274, Minneapolis n=276, Miami n=261, Denver n=265, Orlando n=252, Cleveland n=273, Sacramento n=236.

THESE FINANCIAL STRAINS ARE FELT ACROSS DMAs AS MANY SAY THEY CAN AFFORD LESS NOW THAN THEY COULD TWO YEARS AGO

"I CAN AFFORD LESS NOW THAN I COULD TWO YEARS AGO"

(Shown % Selected)



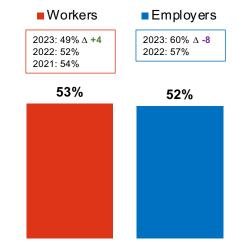
Q99: Thinking about the past year, which of the following, if any, apply to you when it comes to your financial situation? Base: 2024 Total Workforce n=5000, New York City n=301, Los Angeles n=300, Chicago n=300, Philadelphia n=300, Delta n=300, San Francisco-Oak-San Jose n=300, Washington, D.C. n=300, Houston n=300, Boston n=300, Atlanta n=300, Phoenix n=300, Tampa n=300, Seattle n=300, Detroit n=300, Minneapolis n=300, Minneapolis n=300, Minneapolis n=300, Minneapolis n=300, Delta n=300, Cleveland n=300. Secremento n=300.

EMPLOYEES FEEL
REPLACEABLE IN THEIR
CURRENT ROLE, AND
EMPLOYERS SHARE THIS
BELIEF

WORKERS FEEL EASILY REPLACEABLE – WHILE EMPLOYERS SHARE THIS BELIEF, THIS SENTIMENT HAS DECLINED SINCE LAST YEAR

FEELING REPLACEABLE

(Shown % Top 2 Agree)



They/their employees are **easily replaceable** in their job position

More Women (56%) than

More Blue-collar workers (53%) than White-collar workers (47%) More remote (53%) and in-person (52%) workers than hybrid (47%)

Men (49%)

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text

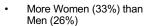
[∆] Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

NEARLY A THIRD OF WORKERS DON'T FEEL RECOGNIZED OR EMPOWERED IN THEIR CURRENT ROLES

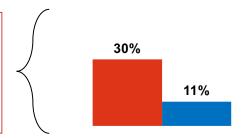
CURRENT JOB PERCEPTIONS

(Shown % Bottom 2 Disagree, Unempowered)

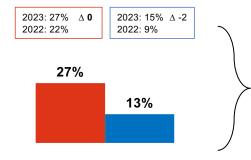
■ Workers ■ Employers



- More people living in suburban (31%) and rural (31%) than urban (26%)
- More Blue-collar workers (31%) than White-collar workers (28%)



They / their employees don't feel recognized by their company's leadership for their contributions / accomplishments



They / their employees do not feel empowered in their current job

- More Women (30%) than Men (24%)
- More people living in suburban (29%) and rural (29%) areas than urban areas (22%)
- More Blue-collar workers (28%) than White-collar workers (25%)
- More in-person workers (30%) than remote (24%) and hybrid (23%)
- Cleveland (27%), Dallas (27%), and Denver (27%) are the most likely DMAs to say they do not feel empowered in their current job

∧ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

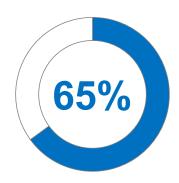
Q7: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Base: Among those employed: 2024 Total Workforce: n=4137, Women n=1905, Men n=2219, Urban n=1324, Suburban n=1871, Rural n=943, Blue-collar workers n=2213, White-collar workers n=1925, Q49: How empowered do you feel in your current job? Base: Among those employed: 2022/2024 Total Workforce n=4404/n=4131/n=4137, Q49: How empowered do you feel in your current job? Base: Among those employed: 2023/2024 Total Workforce n=44131/n=4137, Women n=1905, Men n=2919, Urban n=1324, Suburban n=1871, Rural n=943, Blue-collar workers n=1925, Remote n=727, Hybrid n=1365, In-person n=2213, White-collar workers n=1925, Remote n=727, Hybrid n=1365, In-person n=2045, Cleveland n=273, Dallas n=262, Denver n=265, Q7_EMP: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Base: Employers n=501. Q49_EMP: Thinking about employees who you've hired/at your company, how empowered do you think they generally feel in their current jobs? Base: 2022/2023/2024 Employers n=500/n=500/n=501.

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text

WHILE EMPLOYERS' CONCERN AROUND TURNOVER IS DOWN, MORE THAN HALF OF AMERICANS ARE STILL LOOKING FOR A NEW JOB

CONCERN ABOUT TURNOVER RATE

(Shown % Top 3 Concerned)

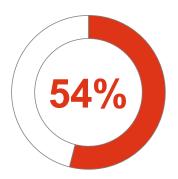


Of Employers are concerned about the turnover rate at their company

2023: 74% Δ **-9** 2022: 76%

LOOKING FOR A JOB

(Shown % Selected)



Of Americans are looking for a job/expecting to look for a job in the next six months

2023: 53% Δ +1 2022: 52% 2021: 42%

△ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text

MORE THAN A THIRD OF WORKERS IN SEVERAL MAJOR CITIES ARE CURRENTLY LOOKING FOR A NEW JOB OR EXPECTING TO IN THE NEXT SIX MONTHS

ACTIVELY LOOKING FOR A NEW JOB OR EXPECTING TO IN THE NEXT 6 MONTHS

(Shown % Selected)

 Δ +6 Δ -4 Δ +1 Δ +4 Δ +3 Δ +3 Δ -5 Δ -3 Δ -3 Δ 0 Δ -4

 Δ -1 Δ -2 Δ -6

S9: Regardless of your current employment status, which of the following applies to you? Base: 2023/2024 Total Workforce n=5000/n=5000, New York City n=300/n=301, Los Angeles n=300/n=300, Chicago n=300/n=300, Philadelphia n=300/n=300, Dallas n=300/n=300, San Francisco-Oak-San Jose n=300/n=300, Washington, D.C. n=300/n=300, Houston n=300/n=300, Boston n=300/n=300, Atlanta n=300/n=300, Phoenix n=300/n=300, Tampa n=300/n=300, Seattle n=300/n=300, Detroit n=300/n=300, Minneapolis n=300/n=300, Detroit n=300/n=300, Cleveland n=300/n=300, Cleveland n=300/n=300.

△ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

* Significant differences indicated by purple or green text

 Δ -1 Δ -7 Δ -6 Δ -5

SOME WORKERS ARE STILL WILLING TO LEAVE THEIR CURRENT EMPLOYER, ESPECIALLY IF OFFERED SEVERANCE

44%

Of Workers say if their current employer offered them a severance package of three months pay, they would take it and leave the company

> 2023: 44% Δ -2 2022: 46%

29%

Of Americans say they would quit a job without having another one lined up

2023: 29% Δ -1 2022: 30%

2021: 28%

* Significant differences indicated by purple or green text

∆ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

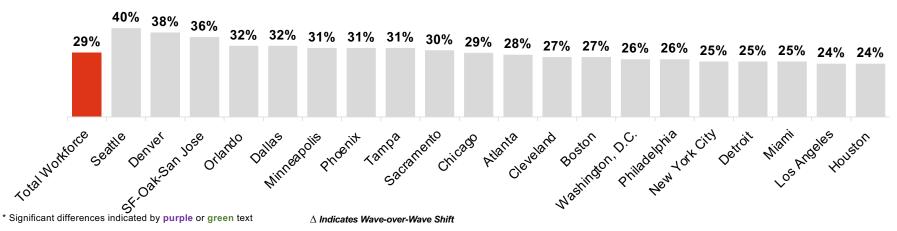
Q71: Regardless of your current employment status, would you ever quit a job without having another one lined up? Base: 2022/2023/2024 Total Nat Rep n=5000/n=5000. Q116 If your employer offered you a severance package of three months pay, would you take it and leave the company? Base: 2023/2024 Total Workforce n=4131/n=4137.

AMERICANS IN SEATTLE ARE THE MOST LIKELY TO QUIT THEIR JOB WITHOUT A BACKUP; SEATTLE ALSO SEES THE LARGEST INCREASE IN THIS SENTIMENT SINCE LAST YEAR

QUITTING JOBS WITHOUT A BACKUP

(Shown % Selected)

 $\Delta - 1 \quad \Delta + 8 \quad \Delta + 2 \quad \Delta + 2 \quad \Delta + 5 \quad \Delta + 7 \quad \Delta - 3 \quad \Delta 0 \quad \Delta + 4 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta 0 \quad \Delta 0 \quad \Delta - 2 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 3 \quad \Delta - 2 \quad \Delta + 1 \quad \Delta - 8 \quad \Delta - 6 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 2 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 3 \quad \Delta - 2 \quad \Delta - 3 \quad \Delta - 2 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 3 \quad \Delta - 2 \quad \Delta - 3 \quad \Delta$



Q71: Regardless of your current employment status, would you ever quit a job without having another one lined up? Base: 2023/2024 Total Workforce n=5000/n=5000, New York City n=300/n=301, Los Angeles n=300/n=300, Chicago n=300/n=300, Ballas n=300/n=300, Son Francisco-Oak-San Jose n=300/n=300, Washington, D.C. n=300/n=300, Houston n=300/n=300, Boston n=300/n=300, Minneapolis n=300/n=300, Minnea

EMPLOYERS ARE MAKING FEWER HIRES, SEEKING THE "PERFECT MATCH," BUT ARE STRUGGLING TO FIND WELL-QUALIFIED APPLICANTS

WITH A SLOWER MARKET AND DECLINED GROWTH, EMPLOYERS PLAN ON MAKING FEWER HIRES IN THE UPCOMING YEAR

HIRING CHALLENGES

(Shown % Selected; Among Employers)

62%

Of Employers say their company has experienced **slowed/declined growth** over the past year⁺

19%

2023: 25% Δ **-6** 2022: 24%

Of Employers say their company **expects to hire 51+ employees** over the next year

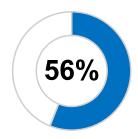
^{*} Includes layoffs, furloughs, slowed down hiring, hiring freezes, hiring of temporary/contract workers instead of full-time employees, or organizational restructuring

 $^{^*}$ Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

YET, EMPLOYERS ARE STRUGGLING TO FIND THE "PERFECT" CANDIDATE THAT FITS EVERYTHING THEY ARE LOOKING FOR

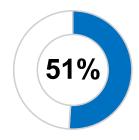
HIRING CHALLENGES

(Shown % Top 2 Agree Among Employers, % Selected)



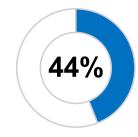
Of Employers say it has been difficult to find new talent for their company / department in the past year

2023: 60% Δ -4



Of Employers say it takes one month or more to fill an empty position at their company

2023: 56% Δ -5



Of Employers cite a lack of wellqualified applicants as their greatest challenge to finding talent in the past year

2023: 46% Δ -2

Employers rated a lack of wellqualified applicants to be the #1 challenge to finding talent in the past year

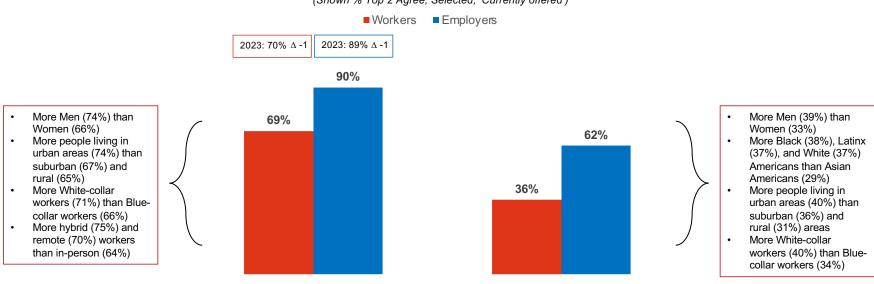
^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

EMPLOYERS ARE
OVERLOOKING POTENTIAL
WITHIN THEIR EXISTING
WORKFORCE, WHO DESIRE
CAREER ADVANCEMENT

WORKERS DO NOT HAVE CLARITY ON OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT IN THEIR CURRENT ROLE







Say their job / company provides opportunities for career development opportunities for internal mobility

Say their job / company currently offers

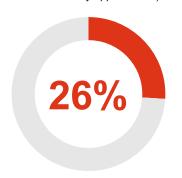
Q7: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Base: Among those employed: 2023/2024 Total Workforce n=4131/n=4137, Women n=1905, Men n=2219, Urban n=1324, Suburban n=1871, Rural n=943, Blue-collar workers n=2213, White-collar workers, Remote n=727, Hybrid n=1365, In-person n=2045. Q7 EMP: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Please try to think about the majority or most employees when you respond? Base: 2023/2024 Employers n=500/n=501. Q52: Which of the following resources, if any, are offered by your current employer? Base: Among those employed: 2024 Total Workforce: n=4137, Women n=1905, Men n=2219, White n=2622, Black n=307, Latinx n-907, Asian n=168, Urban n=1324, Suburban n=1871, Rural n=943, Blue-collar workers n=2213, White-collar workers. Q52 EMP: Which of the following resources, if any, do you offer to your employees? Base: Employers n=501.

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

INTERNAL MOBILITY COMMUNICATIONS ARE CURRENTLY LACKING, AND MANY CITE SKILLS AND JOB PERFORMANCE AS THE DETERMINING FACTORS FOR THESE OPPORTUNITIES

INTERNAL JOB OPPORTUNITY COMMUNICATIONS

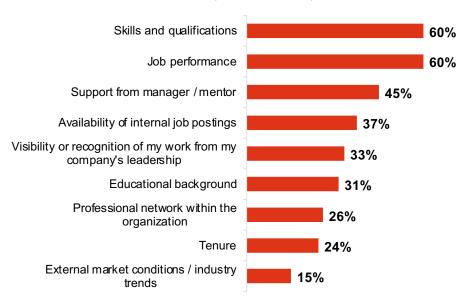
(Shown % Bottom 2 Poor/Fair; Among those whose employer offers internal mobility opportunities)



Of Workers rate their organization's communication efforts around internal job opportunities as poor / fair

TOP FACTORS THAT IMPACT INTERNAL MOBILITY WITHIN THEIR ORGANIZATION

(Shown % Selected)

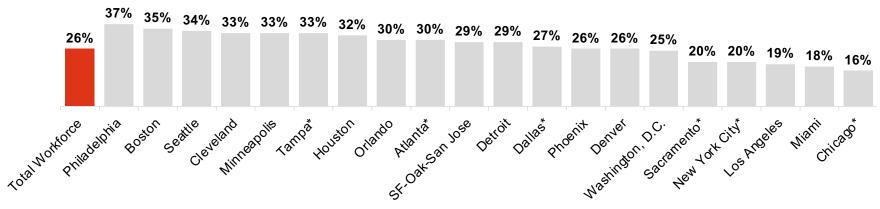


Q124:How would you rate your organization's communication efforts for providing information about internal job opportunities? Base: Among those whose employer currently offers internal mobility opportunities: Total Workforce n=1506. Q123: Which of the following factors, if any, do you think have the most impact on internal mobility within your organization? Base: Among those whose employer currently offers internal mobility opportunities: Total Workforce n=1506.

WORKERS IN PHILADELPHIA AND BOSTON ARE MOST LIKELY TO RATE THEIR ORGANIZATIONS' INTERNAL MOBILITY COMMUNICATIONS POORLY

RATE ORGANIZATION'S COMMUNICATION EFFORTS AROUND INTERNAL JOB OPPORTUNITIES

(Shown % Bottom 2 Poor/Fair; Among those whose employer offers internal mobility opportunities)



Q124. How would you rate your organization's communication efforts for providing information about internal job opportunities? Among those who say their employer currently offers internal mobility opportunities: Total Workforce n=1506, New York City n=87*, Los Angeles n=104, Chicago n=90*, Philadelphia n=104, Dallas n=96*, San Francisco-Oak-San Jose n=105, Washington, D.C. n=124, Houston n=105, Boston n=118, Albanta n=104, Phoenix n=115, Tampa n=98*, Seattle n=111, Detroit n=105, Minerapolis n=102, Miamin n=106, Denver n107, Orlando n=119, Cleveland n=128, Sacramenton n=98*, "Small base sizes, directional findings only

THEY SEE A NEED TO CONTINUE SKILLING THAT WILL SUPPORT THEIR FUTURE CAREER ADVANCEMENT

SKILLING

Shown: % Top 2 Agree

74%

Of workers believe they need to continue learning new skills to stay ahead in their career

66%

Of workers believe they need to improve their skillset in order to advance their career

49%

Of workers say they will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue in their current job

- More Black Americans (84%) than Latinx (77%), Asian (76%) or White (71%) Americans
- More people living in urban areas (81%) than suburban (72%) and rural (67%) areas
- More White-collar workers (76%) than Blue-collar workers (72%)
- More hybrid workers (79%) than remote (74%) and in-person (70%)
- More Men (68%) than Women (63%)
- More Gen Z (76%) and Millennial (77%) than Gen X (62%) and Boomers (47%)
- More Black Americans (78%), Asian (74%), and Latinx (71%)
 Americans than White Americans (63%)
- More people living in urban (76%) areas than suburban (64%) and rural (58%)
- More White-collar workers (68%) than Blue-collar workers (65%)
- More hybrid (73%) and remote (70%) workers than in-person (60%)
- More Men (52%) than Women (46%)
- More Gen Z (60%) and Millennial (60%) than Gen X (43%) and Boomers (31%)
- More Black (58%), Latinx (57%) and Asian (54%) Americans than White (45%) Americans
- More people living in urban areas (61%) than those in suburban (46%) and rural (40%)
- More White-collar workers (51%) than Blue-collar workers (47%)
- More hybrid (60%) and remote (54%) workers than in-person (40%)

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

MORE THAN HALF OF WORKERS IN D.C., MIAMI, HOUSTON, AND SF-OAK-SAN JOSE SAY THEY NEED TO LEARN NEW SKILLS TO STAY IN THEIR CURRENT ROLE

"I WILL NEED TO LEARN NEW SKILLS WITHIN THE NEXT YEAR TO **CONTINUE MY CURRENT JOB"**

(Shown % Top 2 Agree; Among those employed)

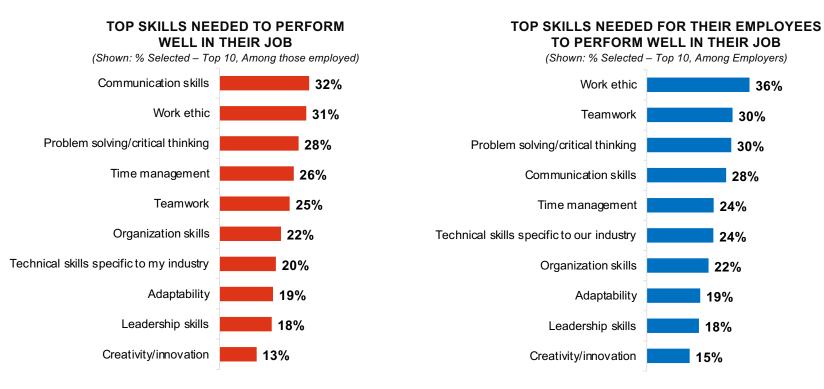
 Δ -2 Δ +6 Δ +5 Δ +4 Δ +7 Δ +4 Δ +9 Δ -1 Δ +3 Δ +4 Δ +3 Δ +4 Δ +4 Δ +2 Δ +3 Δ +7 Δ +1 Δ +3 Δ +3



^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

Q59: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Base: Among those employed: 2023/2024 Total Workforce N=4131/n=4137, NYC n=265/n=281, LA n=274/n=272, Chicago n=272/n=262, Philadelphia n=262/n=263, Dallas n=251/n=259, SF-Oak-San Jose n=268/n=263, Washington, D.C. n=258/n=255, Houston n=253/n=251, Boston n=266/n=267, Atlanta n=272/n=244, Phoenix n=257/n=256, Tampa n=259/n=258, Seattle n=261/n=252, Detroit n=248/n=272, Minneapolis n=268/n=273, Miami n=261/n=259, Denver n=260/n=264, Orlando n=249/n=251, Cleveland n=269/n=271, Sacramento n=250/n=234

WORKERS AND EMPLOYERS ALIKE ARE ALIGNED ON THE SOFT SKILLS NEEDED TO PERFORM WELL IN THEIR JOBS



EMPLOYER INVESTMENT IN SKILLING IS HIGHLY VALUED AMONG WORKERS AND COULD INCREASE TALENT RETENTION

SKILLING

Shown: % Top 2 Agree

- Younger generations (69% Gen Z, 73% Millennials), Black Americans (78%), people living in urban areas (74%), White-collar workers (68%), and hybrid workers (70%) are the most likely to say this
- D.C. (77%) is the most likely DMA to say this
- Younger generations (47% Gen Z, 42% Millennials), Blue-collar workers (40%), and hybrid workers (41%) are the most likely to say this

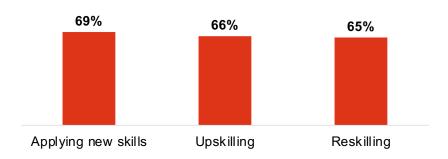
65%

Of Workers say how much a company invests in reskilling / upskilling is something they consider when looking for new opportunities

39%

Of Americans do not have access to opportunities to develop the skills they need to advance in their career

And workers would be more likely to stay throughout their career if their company provided more opportunities for...

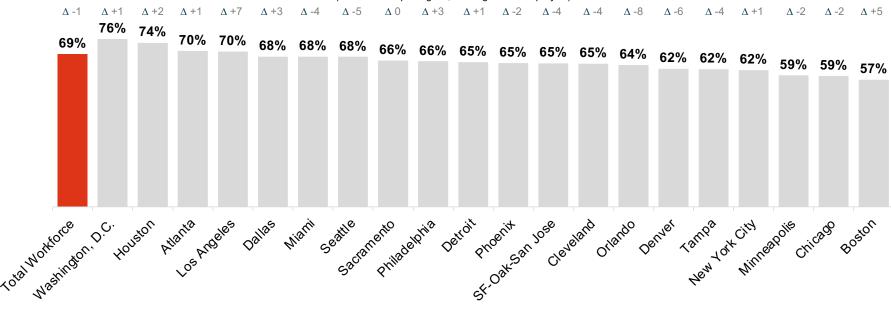


^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

THE MAJORITY OF WORKERS IN MAJOR CITIES WOULD ALSO BE MORE WILLING TO STAY IF THEIR COMPANY PROVIDED MORE OPPORTUNITIES TO APPLY NEW SKILLS

"IF MY COMPANY GAVE ME MORE OPPORTUNITIES TO APPLY NEW SKILLS, I WOULD BE MORE LIKELY TO STAY THROUGHOUT MY CAREER"

(Shown % Top 2 Agree; Among those employed)

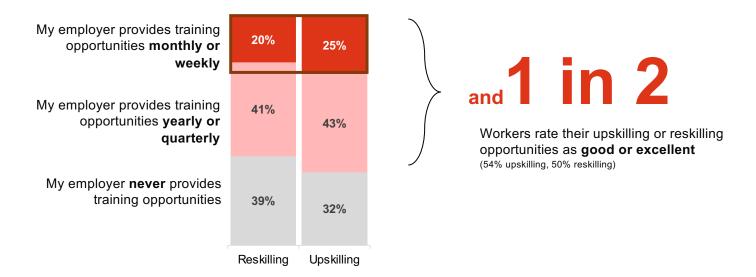


Q59: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Base: Among those employed: 2023/2024 Total Workforce N=4131/n=4137, NYC n=265/n=281, LA n=274/n=274, Chicago n=272/n=264, Philadelphia n=262/n=264, Base n=268/n=267, Altanta n=272/n=264, Phoenix n=255/n=258, Base n=268/n=256, Tampa n=255/n=258, Seattle n=261/n=254, Detroit n=248/n=274, Minneapolis n=268/n=276, Miami n=261/n=261, Detroit n=248/n=275, Detroit n=248/n=276, Detroit n=248/n=276, Detroit n=248/n=276, Detroit n=268/n=276, Detroi

HOWEVER, RESKILLING AND UPSKILLING OPPORTUNITIES ARE NOT FREQUENTLY OFFERED BY EMPLOYERS

EMPLOYER PROVIDED TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES

(Shown % Selected)



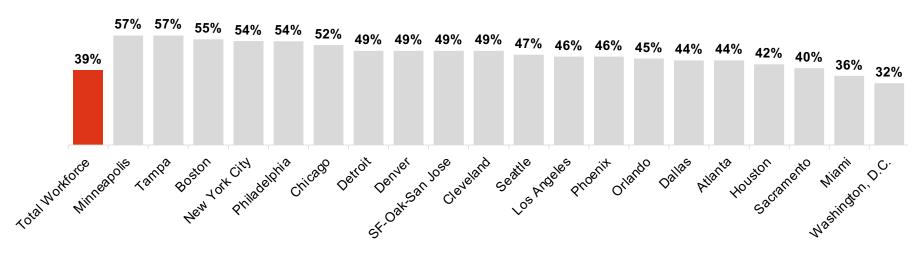
^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

MANY WORKERS ACROSS DMAS SAY THEIR EMPLOYER NEVER PROVIDES THEM WITH RESKILLING OPPORTUNITIES; TAMPA SEES LARGEST INCREASE FROM LAST YEAR

EMPLOYER <u>NEVER</u> PROVIDES SPECIFIC RESKILLING OPPORTUNITIES

(Shown % Selected; Among those employed)

 Δ -1 Δ +2 Δ +9 Δ +3 Δ -5 Δ +5 Δ -4 Δ -4 Δ -4 Δ +1 Δ +1 Δ +4 Δ +6 Δ +7 Δ +1 Δ -4 Δ +2 Δ +4 Δ +3 Δ +4 Δ 0



^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

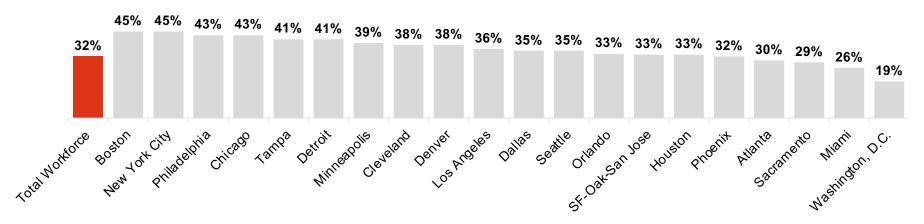
Q55: Approximately, how often does your employer provide specific opportunities for you to participate in: Base: Among those employed (2023/2024): Total Workforce n=4131/n=4137, NYC n=265/n=281, LA n=274/n=272, Chicago n=272/n=262, Philadelphia n=262/n=263, Dallas n=251/n=259, SF-Oak-San Jose n=268/n=263, Washington, D.C. n=258/n=255, Houston n=256/n=251, Boston n=266/n=267, Atlanta n=272/n=244, Phoenix n=259/n=259, Seattle n=261/n=252, Detroit n=248/n=272, Minneapolis n=268/n=273, Miami n=261/n=259, Denver n=260/n=264, Orlando n=249/n=251, Cleveland n=269/n=271, Sacramento n=250/n=234.

SIMILARLY, WORKERS ACROSS SEVERAL DMAS ARE ALSO LACKING IN EMPLOYER-PROVIDED UPSKILLING OPPORTUNITIES

EMPLOYER <u>NEVER</u> PROVIDES SPECIFIC UPSKILLING OPPORTUNITIES

(Shown % Selected; Among those employed)

 $\Delta \ 0 \quad \Delta + 2 \quad \Delta - 5 \quad \Delta + 5 \quad \Delta + 1 \quad \Delta + 7 \quad \Delta \ 0 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 4 \quad \Delta + 2 \quad \Delta - 3 \quad \Delta + 3 \quad \Delta \ 0 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta + 3 \quad \Delta + 2 \quad \Delta - 3 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta - 5 \quad \Delta + 3 \quad \Delta \ 0 \quad \Delta - 1 \quad \Delta -$



^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

Q55: Approximately, how often does your employer provide specific opportunities for you to participate in: Base: Among those employed: Total Workforce n=4131/n=4137, NYC n=265/n=281, LA n=274/n=272, Chicago n=272/n=262, Philadelphia n=262/n=263, Dallas n=251/n=259, SF-Oak-San Jose n=268/n=263, Washington, D.C. n=258/n=255, Houston n=253/n=251, Boston n=266/n=267, Atlanta n=272/n=244, Phoenix n=257/n=256, Tampa n=259/n=259, Seattle n=261/n=259, Detroit n=248/n=272, Minneapolis n=268/n=273, Miami n=261/n=259, Denver n=260/n=264, Orlando n=249/n=251, Cleveland n=269/n=271, Sacramento n=250/n=234.

WORKERS FEEL TRAINING ON USING AI WOULD HELP DRIVE THEIR CAREERS, BUT THEY ARE NOT RECEIVING THAT SUPPORT YET

AI SKILLS AND TRAINING

Shown: % Top 2 Agree; Top 2 Very/Extremely Valuable

53% Of Workers say they need support with learning new skills or tools related to Al

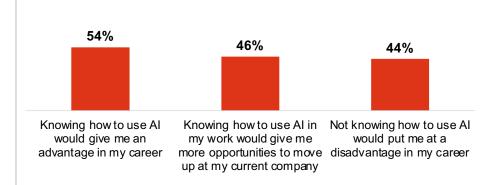
Of Workers think knowledge of how to use AI in their work is valuable to their career

Yet, only

Of Workers say their employer currently offers training on how to use AI in their career

BENEFITS OF AI KNOWLEDGE

Shown: % Top 2 Agree

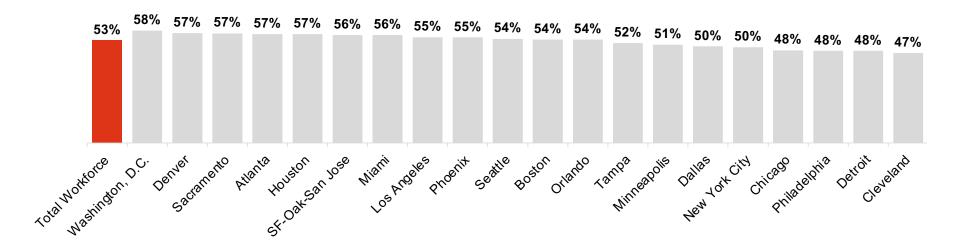


^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

MORE THAN HALF OF AMERICANS ACROSS MOST DMAS ARE LOOKING FOR SUPPORT WITH LEARNING NEW SKILLS AND TOOLS RELATED TO AI

NEED SUPPORT LEARNING NEW SKILLS / TOOLS RELATED TO AI

(Shown % Top 2 Need Support)

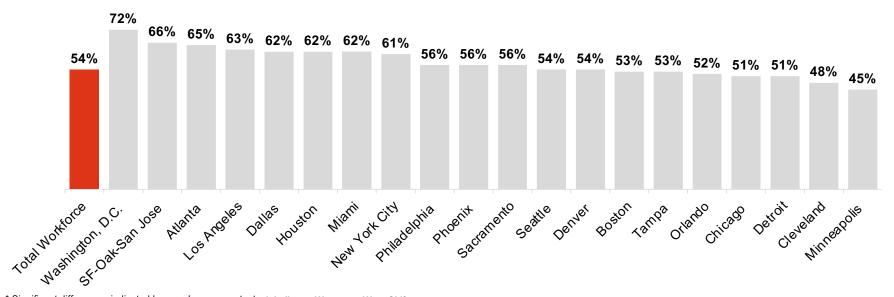


Q25: For the below activities, please indicate the level of support you feel you need with each. Base: 2024 Total Workforce n=5000, New York City n=301, Los Angeles n=300, Chicago n=300, Philadelphia n=300, Dallas n=300, San Francisca Oak-San Jose n=300, Washington, D.C. n=300, Houston n=300, Boston n=300, Atlanta n=300, Phoenix n=300, Tampa n=300, Seattle n=300, Detroit n=300, Minneapolis n=300, Minneapolis n=300, Denver n=300, Orlando n=300, Cleveland n=300, Sacramento n=300.

AMERICANS IN D.C. ARE THE MOST LIKELY TO SAY THAT KNOWING HOW TO USE AI WOULD GIVE THEM A CAREER ADVANTAGE – SURPASSING WORKFORCE AVERAGE

"KNOWING HOW TO USE AI WOULD GIVE ME AN ADVANTAGE IN MY CAREER"

(Shown % Top 2 Agree)



^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

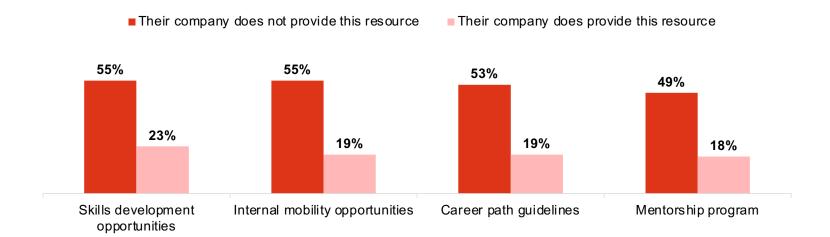
Q129: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Base: 2024 Total Workforce n=4137, New York City n=281, Los Angeles n=274, Chicago n=264, Philadelphia n=264, Dallas n=262, San Francisco-Oak-San Jose n=267, Washington, D.C. n=253, Houston n=252, Boston n=267, Atlanta n=246, Phoenix n=256, Tampa n=258, Seattle n=254, Detroit n=274, Minneapolis n=276, Miami n=261, Denver n=265, Orlando n=252, Cleveland n=273, Sacramento n=236.

THIS HAS CREATED A MOMENT OF TALENT STAGNATION

WORKERS FEEL MORE STAGNANT WHEN THEY DO NOT RECEIVE CAREER SUPPORT FROM THEIR EMPLOYERS

"I DO NOT HAVE THE ABILITY TO ADVANCE IN MY CAREER AT MY CURRENT JOB"

(Shown % Selected)



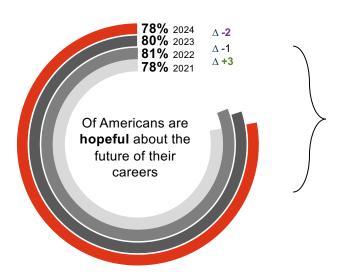
Q107: Do you feel like you have the ability to advance in your career at your current job? Base: Among those employed: Those who say their company does not provide: A mentorship program n=2395, Skills development opportunities n=1759, Internal mobility opportunities n=1941, Career path guidelines n=2119; Those who say their company provides: A mentorship program n=1125, Skills development opportunities n=1704, Internal mobility opportunities n=1506, Career path guidelines n=1388.

DESPITE THESE FACTORS, WORKERS STILL FEEL OPTIMISTIC ABOUT THE FUTURE OF THEIR CAREERS AND THEIR ABILITIES

MANY AMERICANS REMAIN HOPEFUL ABOUT THE FUTURE OF THEIR CAREERS

THE ROLE OF HOPE

(Shown % Top 2 Agree)



And workers feel even more optimistic when...

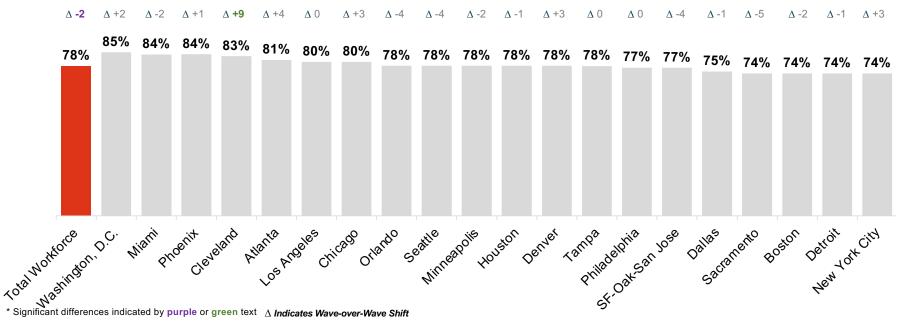
- Their employer tells them about job advancement opportunities where they could be a good fit (90%)
- Their employer helps them manage their workload so they can take advantage of training opportunities (90%)
- Their employer provides upskilling opportunities monthly (89%)
- They feel personally fulfilled by their current job (90%)
- They are inspired by their boss (88%)
- They feel their work allows them to grow their skillset (88%)
- They have a mentor (87%)
- They are currently using AI in their work (87%)
- They have the flexibility to choose what they work on at their job (86%)
- They take on new responsibilities / growth opportunities (85%)
- They feel their employer treats employees with respect (85%)
- They work in a hybrid environment (83%)

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

THE MAJORITY OF WORKERS ACROSS ALL DMAS REMAIN HOPEFUL ABOUT THEIR CAREERS; CLEVELAND SEES LARGEST INCREASE IN HOPE FROM LAST YEAR

"I AM HOPEFUL ABOUT THE FUTURE OF MY CAREER"

(Shown % Top 2 Agree)



Q16: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your career trajectory? Base: 2023/2024 Total Workforce n=5000/N=5000, New York City n=300/n=301, Los Angeles n=300/n=300, Chicago n=300/n=300, Dallas n=300/n=300, San Francisco-Oak-San Jose n=300/n=300, Washington, D.C. n=300/n=300, Houston n=300/n=300, Boston n=300/n=300, Atlanta n=300/n=300, Phoenix n=300/n=300, Seattle n=300/n=300, Detroit n=300/n=300, Minneapolis n=300/n=300, Minneapolis n=300/n=300, Detroit n=300/n=300, Sacramento n=300/n=300.

WORKERS STILL FEEL IN CONTROL AND ARE POSITIVE ABOUT JOB OPPORTUNITIES, BUT LESS SO THAN IN 2022

CAREER PERCEPTIONS

(Shown % Top 2 Agree)

2023: 72% Δ -

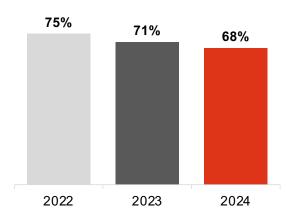
72%

Of Americans feel in control of their professional future

- More Men (74%) than Women (69%)
- More people with income of \$50K-\$99.9k (73%), \$100K-\$149.9k (80%), \$150k+ (85%) than Under \$50k (65%)
- More white-collar workers (78%) than Blue-collar workers 74%x)
- More people living in urban areas (75%) than suburban (71%) and rural (70%) areas

AVAILABILITY OF JOB OPPORTUNITIES

(Shown % Top 2 Positive)



Of Americans feel **positive** about the job opportunities available to them

79% of Employers feel positively about the job opportunities available to the workforce

2023: 78% Δ +1 2022: 89%

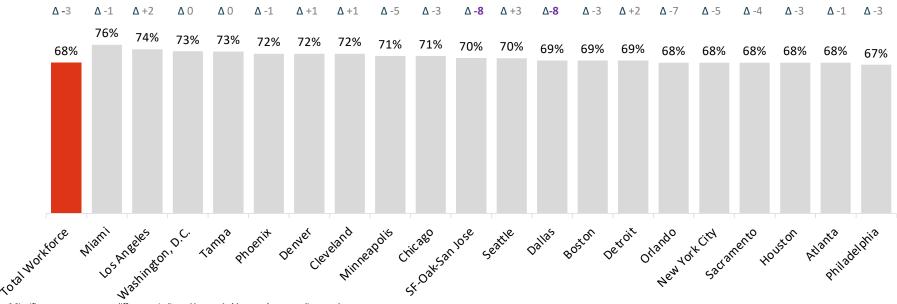
^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

Q1a: Regardless of your current employment status, how do you feel about the job opportunities available to you? Base: 2022/2023/2024 Total Workforce: n=5000/n=5000. Q1a_EMP: How do you feel about the job opportunities available to the workforce at this time? Base: 2022/2023/2024 Employers n=500/n=500/n=501. Q7: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Base: 2023/2024 Total workforce: n=5000/n=5000, Women n=2340, Men n=2640, Under \$50,000 n=1512, \$50,000-\$99,999 n=1420, \$100,000-\$149,999 n=669, \$150,000+ n=489, White-Collar Workers: n=2213 Blue-Collar Workers n=1925, Urban n=1620, Suburban n=2223, Rural n=1157.

THE MAJORITY OF WORKERS FEEL POSITIVELY ABOUT THE JOB OPPORTUNITIES AVAILABLE TO THEM – THOUGH LARGE DIPS IN ORLANDO, DALLAS, THE BAY AREA, AND SACRAMENTO

FEEL POSITIVELY ABOUT JOB OPPORTUNITIES

(Shown % Top 2 Positive)



^{*} Significant wave-over-wave differences indicated by purple (decrease) or green (increase) text

Q1a: Regardless of your current employment status, how do you feel about the job opportunities available to you? Base: 2022/2023 Total Workforce n=5000/n=5000, New York City n=302/n=301, Los Angeles n=298/n=300, Chicago n=301/n=300, Philadelphia n=300/n=300, Dallas n=299/n=300, San Francisco-Oak-San Jose n=300/n=300, Washington, D.C. n=312/n=300, Houston n=299/n=300, Boston n=301/n=300, Atlanta n=303/n=300, Phoenix n=302/n=300, Tampa n=303/n=300, Detroit n=302/n=300, Minneapolis n=302/n=300, Minneapolis n=302/n=300, Detroit n=302/n=300, Cleveland n=301/n=300, Cleveland n=301/n=300, Sacramento n=300/n=300.

AMERICANS ARE CONFIDENT IN THEIR ABILITIES, AS MANY BELIEVE THEY ARE ADAPTABLE AND RESILIENT WHEN OVERCOMING CHALLENGES

ADAPTABILITY, RESILIENCE, AND CONFIDENCE

(Shown % Top 2 Agree)



Of Americans say they adapt easily to new work situations

2023: 88% Δ -1 2022: 87% 2021: 83%



Of Americans say they are resilient when facing challenges in their career

2023: 84% Δ +1 2022: 85% 2021: 82%



Of Workers say that when considering 2023, they feel very confident about their ability to excel at their job

2023: 74% A -2

Q15:How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your mental health/well-being? Base: 2021/2022/2023/2024 Total Workforce n=5000/n=5000/n=5000/n=5000. Q108: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements based on this phrase: "When considering 2023, I felt..." Base: Among those employed: 2023/2024 Total Workforce n=4131/n=4137.

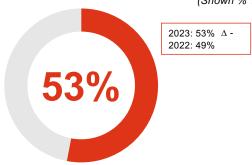
^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

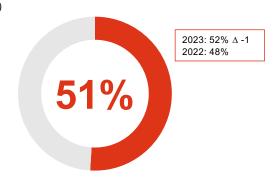
BY PROVIDING CLEARER AND MORE PERSONALIZED OPPORTUNITIES FOR WORKERS TO ADVANCE INTERNALLY, EMPLOYERS CAN DEVELOP THE TALENT THEY NEED FROM WITHIN

MANY AMERICANS FEEL THEY NEED SUPPORT WITH FINDING THE PERFECT JOB AND SETTING CAREER GOALS

SUPPORT NEEDED

(Shown % Top 2 "Need any support")





Of Americans say they need support identifying job options that match their skills/interests

- More Gen Z (66%) and Millennial (61%) than Gen X (50%) and Boomers (32%)
- More Latinx (61%), Asian (59%), and Black (57%)
 Americans than White (49%) Americans
- More people living in urban areas (60%) than rural (50%) and suburban (49%)
- More hybrid (58%) and remote (52%) workers than inperson (43%)

Of Americans say they need support setting career goals

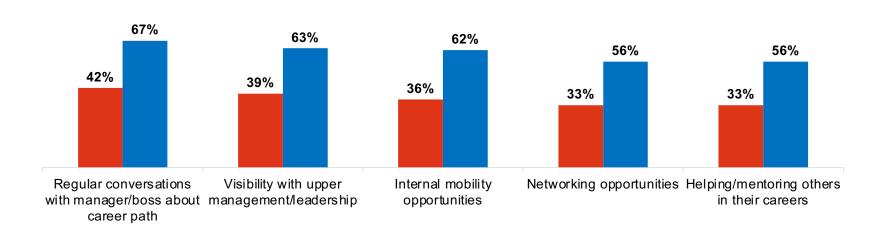
- More Gen Z (67%) and Millennial (60%) than Gen X (47%) and Boomers (25%)
- More Latinx (59%), Asian (57%), and Black (56%)
 Americans than White (46%) Americans
- More people living in urban areas (56%) than suburban (49%) and rural (46%)
- More Blue-collar (49%) than White-collar workers (46%)
- More hybrid (54%) and remote (48%) workers than inperson (43%)

LARGE GAPS EXIST BETWEEN WORKERS AND EMPLOYERS WHEN IT COMES TO PERCEPTIONS OF CAREER DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT

EMPLOYER-PROVIDED RESOURCES

(Shown % Selected, "Currently offered")

■ Workers ■ Employers



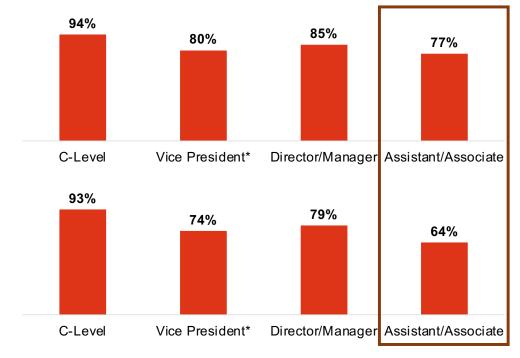
EMPLOYERS MUST PROVIDE CLARITY ON ADVANCEMENT OPPORTUNITIES, ESPECIALLY FOR LOWER-LEVEL WORKERS

EMPLOYEES WHO ARE SATISFIED WITH THEIR ORGANIZATION'S INTERNAL MOBILITY OPPORTUNITIES

(Shown % Top 2 Satisfied)

EMPLOYEES WHO ARE SATISFIED WITH THEIR ORGANIZATION'S COMMUNICATION EFFORTS FOR INTERNAL JOB OPPORTUNITIES

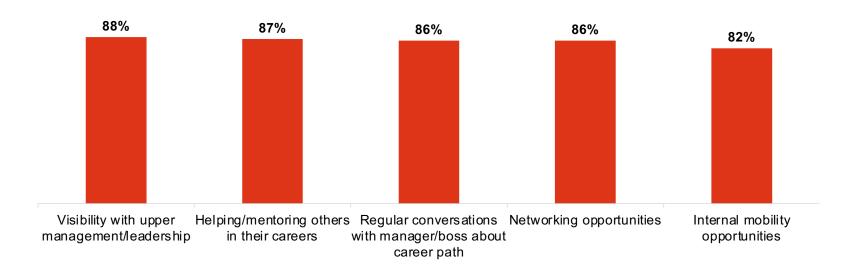
(Shown % Top 2 Good/Excellent)



WHEN EMPLOYEES ARE AWARE OF AVAILABLE OPPORTUNITIES, THEY ARE HIGHLY SATISFIED WITH THEM

SATISFACTION WITH EMPLOYER-PROVIDED RESOURCES

(Shown % Top 2 Satisfied)



IN AN EFFORT TO PROTECT THEIR MENTAL HEALTH, WORKERS ARE PRIORITIZING FLEXIBILITY IN THEIR JOB SEARCH

60% of workers say their mental health impacts their performance at work...



Of workers say that more flexible working opportunities would **help improve their mental health**

 Washington, D.C. (82%) and Phoenix (76%) are the most likely DMAs to say that more flexible workers working opportunities would improve their mental health

TOP PRIORITIES FOR NEXT JOB / CAREER

(Shown % Selected; Showing Top 10 Priorities)



Q53: How much do you agree or disagree with the following statement(s)? Base: Among those employed: Total Workforce n=4137, Washington, D.C. n=253, Phoenix n=256. Q76: Which of the following, if any, are priorities you are looking for in your next job/career? Base: Among those who quit their job/left the workforce and are either actively looking / expecting to look for a job or have chanced their career in the past six months: Total Workforce n=111.

WORKERS FEEL BOTH MORE PRODUCTIVE AND SATISFIED WITH THEIR WORK WHEN THEY ARE GIVEN FLEXIBILITY

78%

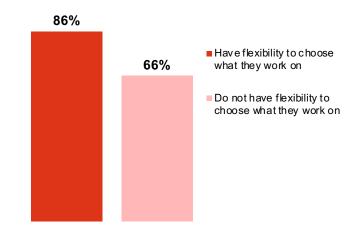
Of workers feel more productive at their job when they have more flexibility

67%

Of workers would be willing to work more hours if they could have more flexibility in choosing when those hours are

JOB SATISFACTION

(Shown % Top 2 Satisfied; Among those employed)

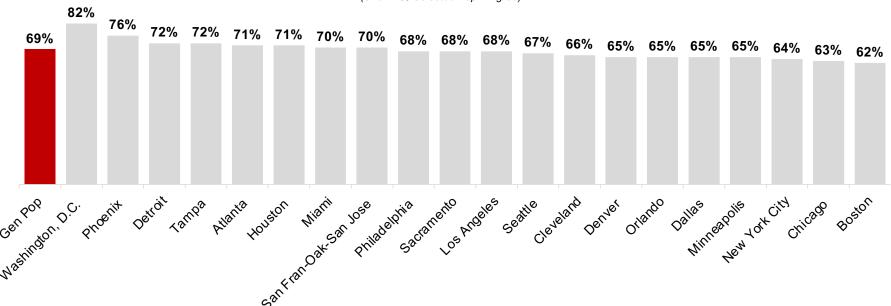


Employees are satisfied in their current job

WORKERS IN WASHINGTON D.C. ARE THE MOST LIKELY TO FEEL FLEXIBLE WORKING OPPORTUNITIES WOULD IMPROVE THEIR MENTAL HEALTH

"MORE FLEXIBLE WORKING OPPORTUNITIES WOULD HELP IMPROVE MY MENTAL HEALTH"

(Shown % Selected Top 2 Agree)



^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

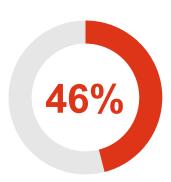
Base: 2022/2023 Total Workforce n=5000/n=5000, New York City n=302/n=301, Los Angeles n=298/n=300, Chicago n=301/n=300, Philadelphia n=300/n=300, Dallas n=299/n=300, San Francisco-Oak-San Jose n=300/n=300, Washington, D. C. n=312/n=300, Houston n=299/n=300, Deltroit n=302/n=300, Minneapolis n=302/n=300, Minneapolis n=302/n=300, Minneapolis n=302/n=300, Deltroit n=302/n=300, Deltroit n=302/n=300, Cleveland n=309/n=300. Sacramento n=300/n=300.

WORKERS ARE ALSO CUSTOMIZING THEIR APPROACH TOWARDS TRAINING TO FIT THEIR WORK AND SCHEDULES

SKILLS LEARNING PREFERENCES

(Shown % Selected)

When it comes to getting skills they need for their career...





Of Americans prefer to get these skills through **training provided by their job**

- More Women (49%) than Men (44%)
- More White-collar workers (46%) than Blue-collar workers (44%)
- More in-person workers (49%) than in-person (41%) and hybrid (41%) workers

Of Americans prefer to get these skills through learning on their own without a course

- More Men (43%) than Women (36%)
- More Gen Z (44%) and Millennials (46%) than Gen X (37%) and Boomers (28%)
- More people living in urban areas (43%) than suburban (39%) and rural (37%)
- More hybrid (45%) and remote (41%) workers than inperson (34%) workers

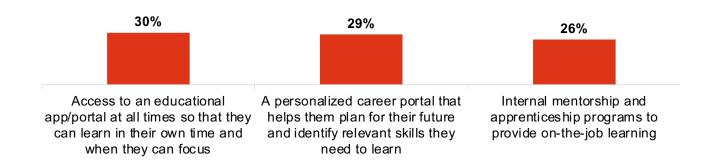
Q119: Where would you prefer to learn skills for each of the following? Base: Total Workforce n=5000. For the below activities, please indicate the level of support you feel you need with each. Base: Total Workforce n=5000, Women n=2340, Men n=2640, Gen Z n=739, Millennial n=1801, Gen X n=1633, Boomer n=807, Urban n=1620, Suburban n=2223, Rural n=1157, Blue-collar workers n=2213, White-collar workers n=1925, Remote n=727, Hybrid n=1365, In-person n=2045.

WORKERS ARE ESPECIALLY INTERESTED IN PERSONALIZED PORTALS AND MENTORSHIP PROGRAMS FROM THEIR EMPLOYER

RESOURCES WORKERS ARE INTERESTED IN

(Shown % Selected; Among those employed)

Workers are interested in receiving through their work...



HOWEVER, WORKERS STILL NEED SUPPORT WITH LEARNING THE SKILLS THEY NEED

AREAS WORKERS NEED SUPPORT

(Shown % Selected)

Sacramento (64%), Houston (63%), and Seattle (63%) are the most likely DMAs to say they need support with learning new skills



Of workers say they need support when it comes to learning new skills

- More Gen Z (71%) and Millennial (68%) than Gen X (58%) and Boomers (42%)
- More Hispanic (67%), Black (64%), and Asian (64%)
 Americans than White Americans (58%)
- More people living in urban areas (65%) than suburban (60%) and rural (58%)
- More hybrid (64%) workers than remote (58%) and inperson (54%)

EMPLOYER SUPPORT

(Shown % Bottom 2 Disagree)

43%

Of workers say their employer does not help them manage their workload so they can take advantage of training / development opportunities

41%

Of workers say their employer does not make it clear how new skills can lead to growth or reward at their company IF EMPLOYERS DON'T SOLVE FOR TALENT STAGNATION, THEY WILL MISS OUT ON SIGNIFICANT BUSINESS SAVINGS

WORKERS ARE ABLE TO INCREASE THEIR ANNUAL SALARY WHEN EMPLOYERS INVEST IN BOOSTING CAREER OPTIMISM

Career Optimism is driven, in part, by intrinsic employee perceptions

- Adaptability to new work situations
- ✓ Resiliency when facing challenges in their career
- ✓ Feeling personally fulfilled by their current job/career

But also relies on environmental factors and employer actions

- ✓ A clear path for career advancement and opportunities to advance
- Having a strong skillset and opportunities to learn new skills
- ✓ Promoting mentorship and advocacy in the workplace

Workers who are optimistic about the future of their career realize up to a



\$5,270

increase in their annual salary compared to workers who are not

Across the US workforce, there is an opportunity for the workforce to earn up to

\$294B

by converting from being non-optimistic to optimistic



Calculation breakdown can be shared by request

WHEN EMPLOYERS INVEST IN CAREER OPTIMISM AMONG WORKERS, IT BENEFITS THEIR BOTTOM LINE IN MULTIPLE WAYS

Taking action to increase career optimism among employees can benefit employers by influencing the following areas:

\$6,521

saved through

Increased Productivity

Workers who are more optimistic in their jobs are more productive

\$916

saved through

Decreased Turnover

Optimistic workers are less likely to leave their current job \$616

saved through

Decreased Healthcare Costs

Workers who are optimistic in their jobs are healthier

Improving career optimism for their workers can save employers up to

= \$8,053

per employee per year

Across the US workforce, there is an opportunity for benefits of up to

\$1.35T

by converting non-optimistic employees to optimistic

Calculation breakdown can be shared by request

ALL BUSINESSES CAN BENEFIT FROM IMPROVING CAREER OPTIMISM

Small Business

(100 employees)

Improving the share of employees who are optimistic about their careers by only **10 ppts** can save a small business:

\$120k per year

Improving career optimism for **all employees** can save a small business up to:

\$805k

Per year

Medium Business

(500 employees)

Improving the share of employees who are optimistic about their careers by only **10 ppts** can save a medium business:

\$600k per year

Improving career optimism for all employees can save a medium business up to:

\$4.0m

Per year

Large Enterprise

(10,000 employees)

Improving the share of employees who are optimistic about their careers by only **10 ppts** can save a large enterprise:

\$12m per year

Improving career optimism for all employees can save large enterprise up to:

\$80.5m

Per year

Calculation breakdown can be shared by request

DMA Snapshots

The following are high level overviews of each DMA separately, with comparison to the national average.

ATLANTA

The workforce in Atlanta is less likely to be struggling with financial matters like living paycheck to paycheck and basic costs of living. They feel they would be more productive at their job with increased flexibility, though are less likely to say they would work more hours to get it. Generally, they are satisfied with their job and see opportunities for career development. Atlanta workers are more likely than average to consider companies prioritization of reskilling/upskilling when looking at new opportunities.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK
Total Atlanta Workforce
I am dissatisfied with my current job 16% Δ -5 20% Δ -2
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development 72% Δ -5 69% Δ -1
I do not see a clear path for advancing $38\%~\Delta + 4~42\%~\Delta + 2$ my career
I am easily replaceable in my job position 49% Δ +1 53% Δ +4

FINANCIAL MA	TTERS	
,	Atlanta V	Total Vorkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	51% ∆-5	63% ∆-2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	39%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	30% △-4	35% ∆-3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	53%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	41%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	51% A+4	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	38%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED T	о
I would quit my job without having another lined up	28% Δ0	29% ∆-1
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	70% ∆+ 4	70% ∆+2

CAREER OP	TIMISM
	Atlanta Total Workforce
I am hopeful about the future of my career	81% Δ+4 78% Δ-2
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	68% △ -1 68% △ -3

* Significant differences	s indicated by purr	ole or green text	Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shi	ff

FLEXIBILITY	
Atlanta I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 63% in choosing when those hours are	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 82%	78%

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING
Total Atlanta Workforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of AI 45% 48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job 47% Δ -1 49% Δ +3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities 71%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI 57%





BOSTON

When it comes to finances, Boston workers are less likely to live paycheck to paycheck or struggle with the basic costs of living. Overall, they are less likely to be actively looking for a new job in the next 6 months, likely because they feel their current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility. They are less interested than the average American worker in how a company invests in reskilling or upskilling employees and lack knowledge of AI.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK	
Boston Total Boston Workforce I am dissatisfied with my current job 18% Δ -3 20% Δ -2	
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development 63% $\Delta 0$ 69% $\Delta - 1$	
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career 38% $_{\Delta+1}$ 42% $_{\Delta+2}$	
I am easily replaceable in my job position 53% Δ +9 53% Δ +4	

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
,	Boston V	Total Vorkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	41% Δ-5	63% ∆-2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	39%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	22% ∆-2	35% ∆- 3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	51%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	36%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months My current employer provides	330/ _{4 1-6}	Total /orkforce 54% ∆+1 36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS KNOW	,•	
I would quit my job without having another lined up	27% ∆ -1	29% _{Δ-1}
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	72% ∆+4	70% ∆+2

CAREER OP	TIMISM
	Boston Total Workforce
I am hopeful about the future of my career	74% Δ-2 78% Δ-2
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	69% △ -3 68% △ -3

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY	
Boston I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 56% in choosing when those hours are	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 78%	78%

RESKILLING & UPS	SKILLING	3
ı	Boston _W	Total orkforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of AI	35%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job	39% ∆ +1	49% ∆+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	50%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	54%	53%





CHICAGO

Chicago workers overall feel positively about the job opportunities available to them and are hopeful about the future of their careers. They are less interested than the average American worker in a company's investments into reskilling or upskilling, and feel they need less support learning new skills or tools related to AI. Financially, they are struggling less than workers in other DMAs, as they are significantly less likely to live paycheck to paycheck or struggle with basic costs of living.

JOB SEEKING & INTERNAL MOBILITY

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK
Total Chicago Workforce
I am dissatisfied with my current job 18% Δ -1 20% Δ -2
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development 70% Δ +6 69% Δ -1
I do not see a clear path for advancing 37% Δ -4 42% Δ +2 my career
I am easily replaceable in my job position 44% Δ -2 53% Δ +4

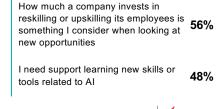
FINANCIAL MA	TTERS	
C	Chicago V	Total Vorkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	36% ∆-5	63% ∆-2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	37%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	17% ∆-9	35% ∆-3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	47%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	35%	42%

JOB SELITING & INTE	INAL WO	DILITI
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 mont My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	3/10/ _{- A-1}	Total Workforce 54% ∆+1 36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYER KNOW	S NEED 1	ΓΟ 29% _{Δ-1}
another lined up If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	70% Δ-8	
CAREER OPI	TIMISM	
Lam banaful about the future of my	Chicago	Total Workforce

CAREER OPT	ГІМІЅМ	
I am hopeful about the future of my career	Chicago Total Workforce $80\% \Delta + 3$ $78\% \Delta - 2$	2
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	71% A -3 68% A -3	3

at my job if I co	ng to work more hours ould have more flexibilit en those hours are	Chicago Sy 56%	Total Workforce
I feel I am mor when I have m	e productive at my job ore flexibility	78%	78%
RE	SKILLING & UP	SKILLI	NG
		Chicago	Total Workforce

FLEXIBILITY







65%

53%

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

CLEVELAND

Cleveland workers are more optimistic about their careers – they are more likely than the average American worker to be hopeful about the future of their career and feel positively about the job opportunities available to them. They feel their current employer provides them with opportunities for internal mobility and are less likely to be actively looking for a new job, though they feel they have fewer opportunities for career development than average.

ENGAGEMENT & C	OUTLOOK	
C	Total leveland Workforce	
I am dissatisfied with my current job	17% Δ-6 20% Δ-2	
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	60% Δ +9 69% Δ-1	
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	41% Δ0 42% Δ+2	
I am easily replaceable in my job position	47% Δ-1 53% Δ+4	

FINANCIAL MA	TTERS	
CI	leveland W	Total /orkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	47% ∆-11	63% ∆-2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	46%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	23% ∆-5	35% ∆- 3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	47%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	40%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
C I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	35% 46	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	47%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS KNOW	NEED 1	ГО
I would quit my job without having another lined up	27% ∆ -2	29% _{Δ-1}
If things could change at my current	700/ 4:5	700/

CAREER OP	TIMISM
I am hopeful about the future of my career	Cleveland Total Workforce 83% Δ+9 78% Δ-2
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	72% ∆+1 68% ∆ -3

AND WHAI EMPLOYER KNOW	S NEED TO	
would quit my job without having another lined up	27% _{\$\Delta\$ -2} 29% _{\$\Delta\$ -1}	
f things could change at my current ob, I would consider staying	73% Δ+5 70% Δ+2	
CAREER OPT	ГІМІЅМ	
am hopeful about the future of my career	Cleveland Total Workforce 83% Δ+9 78% Δ-2	
feel positive about the job	730/ A+1 68% A-3	

FLEXIBILITY
I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 58% 67% in choosing when those hours are
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 79% 78%
RESKILLING & UPSKILLING

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING
Total Cleveland Workforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al 34% 48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job 42% Δ +3 49% Δ +3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities 65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI 47% 53%





^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

DALLAS

Workers in Dallas do not feel attached to their jobs: while they are less likely than the average American worker to be actively looking within the next 6 months, they see an increase in workers who would be willing to quit their job without having another lined up and are less likely than last year to consider staying at their current job if things could change. The need to continue learning skills is on the rise in this DMA as well, up 9 points from 2023.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK		
Total Dallas Workforce I am dissatisfied with my current job 21% Δ +2 20% Δ -2		
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development $68\% \Delta -2 69\% \Delta -1$		
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career 40% Δ +3 42% Δ +2		
I am easily replaceable in my job position 47% $^{\Delta-3}$ 53% $^{\Delta+4}$		

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
I live paycheck to paycheck	Dallas ν 49% Δ-4	Total /orkforce 63% Δ -2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	41%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	23% △-6	35% ∆- 3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	49%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	39%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	110/ ₂ \ \ -4	Total /orkforce 54% Δ+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	37%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS KNOW	NEED T	о.
I would quit my job without having another lined up	32% ∆ +7	29% ∆-1
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	69% ∆-7	70% ∆+2

CAREER OPTIMISM		
	Dallas Total Workforce	
I am hopeful about the future of my career	75% Δ-1 78% Δ-2	2
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	69% ∆ -8 68% ∆ -3	3

+1	I would be at my job in choosir
	I feel I am when I ha
1	
2	I consider
	I will need

FLEXIBILITY		
I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 58% in choosing when those hours are		
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility	81%	78%

RESKILLING & UPS	SKILLING	G
,	Dallas _W	Total Vorkforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of AI	51%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job	49% ∆+9	49% ∆+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	65%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	50%	53%





^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

DENVER

Workers in Denver experience lower levels of dissatisfaction with their current jobs, see clear paths for advancing in their careers, feel less replaceable, and are positive about the job opportunities available to them. However, Denver is one of the top DMAs where people would quit their job without having another lined up. Financially, they are less likely than the average American to live paycheck to paycheck or struggle with the basic costs of living.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK	
Denver Total Denver Workforce I am dissatisfied with my current job 18% $_{\Delta+4}$ 20% $_{\Delta-2}$	
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development 71% $_{\Delta+1}$ 69% $_{\Delta-1}$	
I do not see a clear path for advancing 37% $_{\Delta+3}$ 42% $_{\Delta+2}$ my career	
I am easily replaceable in my job position 47% $\Delta 0$ 53% $\Delta + 4$	

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
	Total Denver Workforce	
I live paycheck to paycheck	47% Δ-3 63% Δ -2	
My salary / wage has not increas the same rate as inflation	ed at 43% 38%	
I struggle with the basic costs of	living 23% Δ-4 35% Δ-3	
I feel I am making less money the other people in my same job	^{an} 48% 55%	
I can afford less now than I could years ago	two 40% 42%	

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	130/ _{- 1-3}	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	40%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED 1	ГО
I would quit my job without having another lined up	38% ∆ +2	29% ∆-1
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	76% ∆+1	70% ∆+2

CAREER OPTIMISM	
	Denver Total Workforce
I am hopeful about the future of my career	78% Δ+3 78% Δ-2
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	72% △ +1 68% △ -3

* Significant differences indicated by purple or green text	∆ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY	
I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 60% in choosing when those hours are	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 88%	78%

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING	
Total Denver Workforce	
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al 40% 48%	
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job 44% Δ +4 49% Δ +	3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities 65%	
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI 57%	





DETROIT

Detroit workers' financial situation has improved from last year, and they are now much less likely to be living paycheck to paycheck or struggle with the basic costs of living. They are less likely than the average American worker to be actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months and are less likely to feel they need to learn new skills within the next year to continue their current job.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK	
Total Detroit Workforce	
I am dissatisfied with my current job $~$ 20% $\Delta4$ $~$ 20% $\Delta2$	
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	
I do not see a clear path for advancing $41\% \ \Delta3$ $42\% \ \Delta\text{+-}2$ my career	
I am easily replaceable in my job position 50% $^{\Delta0}$ 53% $^{\Delta+4}$	

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
	Detroit V	Total Vorkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	44% ∆-6	63% ∆- 2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	48%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	23% ∆-6	35% ∆-3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	53%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	41%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	30% A-2	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	38%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED 1	го
I would quit my job without having another lined up	25% ∆-2	29% ∆-1
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	70% Δ-5	70% ∆+2

CAREER OP	TIMISM
	Detroit Total Workforce
I am hopeful about the future of my career	74% Δ-1 78% Δ-2
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	69% ^{Δ+2} 68% ^Δ -3

* Significant differences indicated b	v nurnia or groon toyt	A 1

FLEXIBILITY	
Detroit I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 58% in choosing when those hours are	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 78%	78%

RESKILLING & UP	SKILLING	G
	Detroit _N	Total /orkforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al	38%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job	³ 39% ∆+3	49% Δ+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	65%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	48%	53%





HOUSTON

Workers in Houston are among the most likely to say they need to learn new skills to continue their current job and are more likely than the average American worker to look at how much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees. They feel they are more productive when they have more flexibility. Their financial situation has improved since last year, and they are much less likely to be struggling with the basic costs of living (down 10 points from 2023).

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK
Total Houston Workforce
I am dissatisfied with my current job 23% $\Delta 0$ 20% $\Delta - 2$
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development 70% Δ -4 69% Δ -1
I do not see a clear path for advancing 39% Δ -3 42% Δ +2 my career
I am easily replaceable in my job position 54% $^{\Delta+3}$ 53% $^{\Delta+4}$

FINANCIAL MATTERS				
F	Houston V	Total Vorkforce		
I live paycheck to paycheck	57% ∆-3	63% ∆- 2		
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	40%	38%		
I struggle with the basic costs of living	28% ∆-10	35% ∆- 3		
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	56%	55%		
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	43%	42%		

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	51% A-A	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	41%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED 1	го
I would quit my job without having another lined up	24% ∆-6	29% ∆-1
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	72% ∆-3	70% ∆+2

CAREER OP	TIMISM	
	Houston Total Workforce	
I am hopeful about the future of my career	78% Δ+1 78% Δ-2	
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	68% △-3 68% △ -3	3

^{*} Significant differences indicated by **purple** or **green** text Δ *Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift*

FLEXIBILITY		
Houston I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 70% in choosing when those hours are	Total Workforce 67%	
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 86%	78%	

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING	
	Total orkforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al 51%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job 53% Δ +6	49% ∆+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	53%





LOS ANGELES

The workforce in LA is among the most satisfied with the amount of money they currently make, with less people living paycheck to paycheck, affording less than they could two years ago, and struggling with basic costs of living compared to other DMAs. LA reports lower levels of job dissatisfaction than the total workforce and are more positive about their available job opportunities. Flexibility represents an area of opportunity for LA, with many saying it would make them more productive workers.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK			
	LA	ν	Total Vorkforce
I am dissatisfied with my current job	16%	∆+1	20% ∆-2
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	70%	Δ-4	69% ∆-1
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	37%	Δ-8	42% _{Δ+2}
I am easily replaceable in my job position	47%	Δ-1	53% ∆+4

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
	LA M	Total /orkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	48% ∆+5	63% ∆-2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	38%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	21% ∆-1	35% ∆- 3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	50%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	37%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	/10/ 1	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	38%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED 1	го
I would quit my job without having another lined up	24% ∆-8	29% _{Δ-1}
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	75% ∆-2	70% ∆+2
•		

CAREER OPTIMISM			
	LA Total Workforce		
I am hopeful about the future of my career	80% Δ0 78% Δ- 2		
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	74% Δ+2 68% Δ -3		

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY		
I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility in choosing when those hours are	LA 64%	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility	87%	78%

RESKILLING & UPS	SKILI	ING
	LA	Total Workforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al	48%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job	49%	Δ+4 49% Δ +3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	64%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	55%	53%





MIAMI

Miami is one of the top DMAs for feeling hopeful about the future of their careers, and among the bottom for feeling dissatisfied with their current jobs. They feel more positive than the average American worker about the job opportunities available to them, and the majority feel their current job provides them with career development opportunities. Miami workers are doing well financially and are less likely to report living paycheck to paycheck or struggling with the basic costs of living.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK		
	Miami _V	Total Vorkforce
I am dissatisfied with my current job	15% ∆+1	20% ∆-2
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	72% ∆-4	69% ∆-1
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	34% ∆+1	42% _{Δ+2}
I am easily replaceable in my job position	48% ^{Δ+3}	53% △+4

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
	Miami W	Total /orkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	53% ∆+1	63% ∆-2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	34%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	26% ∆-1	35% ∆- 3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	55%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	33%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	5.4% A-2	Total Vorkforce 54% Δ+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	41%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED T	ГО
I would quit my job without having another lined up	25% ∆+1	29% ∆-1
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	74% ^{Δ+2}	70% ∆+2

CAREER OPT	TIMISM
	Miami Total Workforce
I am hopeful about the future of my career	84% Δ-2 78% Δ-2
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	76% Δ-1 68% Δ -3

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY		
I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 67% in choosing when those hours are	Total Workforce 67%	
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 81%	78%	

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING			
Total Miami Workforce			
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al 53% 48%			
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job 56% Δ -2 49% Δ +3			
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities 65%			
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI 56%			





MINNEAPOLIS

The workforce in Minneapolis is less likely to be seeking a new job in the next 6 months even though they have fewer opportunities at their current job for career development than last year (down 6 points from 2023). Additionally, they do not feel as much of a need to learn new skills within the next year for their job. Financially, they are less likely to be living paycheck to paycheck but say their salary/wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK		
Mir	Total nneapolis Workforce	
I am dissatisfied with my current job	18% Δ-1 20% Δ-2	
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	63% Δ-6 69% Δ-1	
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	44% Δ+1 42% Δ+2	
I am easily replaceable in my job position	49% Δ0 53% Δ +4	

FINANCIAL MATTERS				
Total Minneapolis Workforce				
I live paycheck to paycheck	44% ∆-7	63% ∆-2		
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	46%	38%		
I struggle with the basic costs of living	20% △-9	35% ∆- 3		
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	52%	55%		
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	36%	42%		

J	OB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
	Minactively looking or expecting to for a new job in the next 6 month	330/ _{- 1-7}	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1
,	current employer provides ortunities for internal mobility	37%	36%
	ID WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED 1	го
	ould quit my job without having ther lined up	31% ∆-4	29% ∆-1
	ings could change at my current I would consider staying	71% ∆+2	70% ∆+2

CAREER OPTIMISM			
I am hopeful about the future of my career	Total Workforce 78% Δ-2 78% Δ - 2		
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	71% Δ-6 68% Δ -3		

* Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY

Min I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility in choosing when those hours are	neapolis 50%	Total Workforce
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility	81%	78%

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING

Total Minneapolis Workforce

I consider myself knowledgeable of Al 35% 48%

I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job 36% $\Delta+3$ 49% $\Delta+3$

How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities

54%

I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI 51%





NEW YORK CITY

The workforce in NYC is less likely than the average American worker to be living paycheck to paycheck or struggle with the basic costs of living. They plan on staying put in their current jobs and feel less easily replaceable in their current positions, but feel they need to learn new skills in the next year to continue in their current job. Overall, they are more likely to consider staying at their current jobs if things could change than the average American.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK			
	NYC		Total Workforce
I am dissatisfied with my current job	17%	$\Delta 0$	20% ∆-2
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	64%	Δ-1	69% ∆-1
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	39%	Δ+1	42% ∆+2
I am easily replaceable in my job position	43%	Δ-6	53% ∆+4

FINANCIAL MATTERS			
I live paycheck to paycheck	NYC Total Workforce 35% Δ-6 63% Δ-2		
My salary / wage has not increased the same rate as inflation	^{at} 33% 38%		
I struggle with the basic costs of livir	ng 17% Δ-4 35% Δ-3		
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	52% 55%		
I can afford less now than I could tw years ago	° 26% 42%		

JOB SEEKING & INTERNAL MOBILITY				
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	33% A-5	Total Vorkforce 54% Δ+1		
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED 1	0		
I would quit my job without having another lined up	25% ∆-3	29% ∆-1		
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	77% ∆+6	70% ∆+2		

CAREER OPTIMISM			
	NYC Total Workforce		
I am hopeful about the future of my career	74% Δ+3 78% Δ-2		
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	68% △-5 68% △ -3		

* Significant differences	s indicated by no	urnle or green text	A Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY		
I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility in choosing when those hours are	NYC 63%	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility	79%	78%

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING		
	NYC	Total Workforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al	42%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job	42%	Δ+2 49% Δ+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	58%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	50%	53%





ORLANDO

When it comes to engagement and outlook with their job/career, workers in Orlando show increased dissatisfaction and decreased hope from last year (though they are on par with the average American worker). They plan to stay put at their current job and are less likely than the average American worker to feel easily replaceable in their job position. However, they are more likely to quit their job without having another lined up.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK		
Total Orlando Workforce		
I am dissatisfied with my current job 21% Δ +4 20% Δ -2		
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development 67% Δ -4 69% Δ -1		
I do not see a clear path for advancing 40% Δ +7 42% Δ +2 my career		
I am easily replaceable in my job position 48% Δ -1 53% Δ +4		

FINANCIAL MATTERS			
C	Orlando V	Total Vorkforce	
I live paycheck to paycheck	54% ∆-4	63% ∆-2	
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	40%	38%	
I struggle with the basic costs of living	30% △-3	35% ∆- 3	
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	48%	55%	
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	45%	42%	

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	180/ A+3	Total ∕orkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	47%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS KNOW	NEED T	о
I would quit my job without having another lined up	32% ∆+5	29% _{Δ-1}
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	66% ∆-6	70% ∆+2

CAREER OPTIMISM				
	Orlando Total Workforce			
am hopeful about the future of my career	78% Δ-4 78% Δ-2			
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	68% △-7 68% △ -3			

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY	
Orlando I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 63% in choosing when those hours are	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 77%	78%

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING		
Total Orlando Workforce		
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al 39% 48%		
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job 46% Δ +3 49% Δ +3		
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities 65%		
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI 54%		





PHILADELPHIA

Workers in Philadelphia are among the least knowledgeable about AI yet are less likely than the average worker to feel they need support learning new skills or tools related to AI. They are less likely to be looking for a new job in the next six months and feel they are more productive at their job when they have flexibility. Financially, they are less likely to be living paycheck to paycheck or struggle with the basic costs of living, though their salaries have not increased at the same rate as inflation.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK		
Phi	ladelphia _W	Total orkforce
I am dissatisfied with my current job	19% Δ-4	20% ∆-2
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	65% ∆-1	69% ∆-1
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	41% Δ+2	42% ∆+2
I am easily replaceable in my job position	53% ∆+3	53% ∆ +4

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
Total Philadelphia Workforce		
I live paycheck to paycheck	43% ∆-8	63% ∆- 2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	42%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	25% ∆-3	35% ∆- 3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	48%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	36%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY	
Ph	iladelphia _V	Total Vorkforce	
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	41% Δ0	54% ∆+1	
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	39%	36%	
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS NEED TO KNOW			
I would quit my job without having another lined up	26% ∆-1	29% ∆-1	

If things could change at my current

job, I would consider staying

CAREER OPTIMISM			
I am hopeful about the future of my career	-	Total Workforce 78% ∆ -2	
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	67% ∆-3	68% Δ -3	

74% ∆-1 **70%** ∆+2

FLEXIBILITY

I would be willing to work more hour at my job if I could have more flexibi in choosing when those hours are		Total Workforce
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility	84%	78%

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING

Total Philadelphia Workforce

I consider myself knowledgeable of Al 34% 48%

I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job 43% Δ +4 49% Δ +3

How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities

59%

I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI 48% 53%





^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

PHOENIX

The workforce in Phoenix is more hopeful about the future of their careers and more likely than other DMAs to feel positively about the job opportunities available to them. While they are much more likely to consider themselves easily replaceable in their job position than they were last year, they are also less likely to be actively looking or expecting to look for a job in the next 6 months. While they feel they are more productive at work when they have flexibility, they wont work more hours to get it.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK		
Total Phoenix Workforce		
I am dissatisfied with my current job 20% Δ +1 20% Δ -2		
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development $68\% \ \Delta -2 \ 69\% \ \Delta -1$		
I do not see a clear path for advancing $38\%~\Delta + 4~42\%~\Delta + 2$ my career		
I am easily replaceable in my job position 53% Δ +8 53% Δ +4		

FINANCIAL MATTERS			
F	Phoenix V	Total Vorkforce	
I live paycheck to paycheck	52% ∆-1	63% ∆-2	
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	36%	38%	
I struggle with the basic costs of living	28% ∆-2	35% ∆- 3	
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	53%	55%	
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	43%	42%	

JOB SEEKING & INTERNAL MOBILITY		
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	130/ _{- 1-5}	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	45%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED T	-о
I would quit my job without having another lined up	31% Δ0	29% ∆-1
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	74% Δ-9	70% ∆+2

CAREER OPTIMISM			
	Phoenix Total Workforce		
I am hopeful about the future of my career	84% Δ+1 78% Δ-2		
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	72% Δ-1 68% Δ -3		

years ago	10 70	
* Significant differences indicated by pur	ple or green tex	$^{ ext{t}}$ Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY		
Ph I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility (in choosing when those hours are	60%	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility	83%	78%

RESKILLING & UPS	SKILLING	3
P	hoenix _W	Total orkforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al	44%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job	46% Δ+4	49% ∆+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	68%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	55%	53%





SACRAMENTO

Sacramento workers are struggling with the basic costs of living less than they were last year. They are more dissatisfied with their current job than they were last year and are also more likely to be seeking a new job within the next 6 months compared to last year. Training is key for this DMA, where over half say they need support learning new skills or tools related to Al.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK		
Sa	Total cramento Workforce	
I am dissatisfied with my current job	18% Δ+6 20% Δ-2	
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	70% Δ-3 69% Δ-1	
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	41% Δ+4 42% Δ+2	
I am easily replaceable in my job position	51% Δ-3 53% Δ+4	

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
Sa	cramento V	Total Vorkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	58% ∆-2	63% ∆-2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	37%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	33% △-7	35% ∆- 3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	53%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	44%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY
Sa I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 month	53% A+6	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	40%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED 1	го
I would quit my job without having another lined up	30% ∆ -1	29% ∆-1
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	63% ∆-2	70% ∆+2

CAREER OPTIMISM		
I am hopeful about the future of my career	Sacramento Total Workforce 74% Δ-5 78% Δ-2	
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	68% Δ-4 68% Δ -3	

I can afford less now than I could two years ago opportunities available oppo

FLEXIBILITY	
Sacramento I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 58% in choosing when those hours are I feel I am more productive at my job 79%	Total Workforce 67%
when I have more flexibility RESKILLING & UPSKILLII	
MEGINEEN & GI GINEEN	Total

RESKILLING & UPS	SKILLING	3
Sad	cramento _W	Total orkforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of AI	39%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job	50% Δ+7	49% ∆+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	57%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	57%	53%





SAN FRANCISCO, OAKLAND, SAN JOSE

The workforce in SF-Oak-San Jose is the most satisfied with how much money they make and far less likely to live paycheck to paycheck or struggle with basic costs of living. This DMA has seen a rise in job seekers since 2023 and remains one of the top DMAs where workers would quit a job without a backup. Flexibility is key for workers in this region, who are much more likely to feel productive at their job when they have more flexibility.

	ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK			
	SF	-Oak-San Total Jose Workforce		
I am dissatisfied with my current job		23% Δ+2 20% Δ-2		
	My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	69% Δ-4 69% Δ-1		
	I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	40% Δ+5 42% Δ+2		
	I am easily replaceable in my job position	49% ^{Δ+7} 53% ^{Δ+4}		

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
SF-Oak-San Total Jose Workforce		
I live paycheck to paycheck	35% ∆-5	63% ∆- 2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	41%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	18% ∆-3	35% ∆- 3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	52%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	35%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	RNAL MO	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 month	F-Oak-San Jose V 49% Δ+3	Vorkforce
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	40%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	S NEED 1	го
	S NEED 7	

CAREER OPTIMISM		
I am hopeful about the future of my career	SF-Oak-San Total Jose Workforce 77% Δ-4 78% Δ-2	
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	70% Δ-8 68% Δ -3	

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY	
SF-Oak-S. I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 67% in choosing when those hours are	an Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 85%	78%
RESKILLING & UPSKILL	ING

RESKILLING & UP	SKILLIN	G
SF	-Oak-San Jose V	Total Vorkforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of A	41%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within th next year to continue my current job	^e 53% ∆+5	49% ∆+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	³ 60%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	56%	53%





SEATTLE

While Seattle workers feel their current job provides them with opportunities for career development and internal mobility, they are much more likely than the average American worker to quit their job without having another one lined up. However, they are also more likely to consider staying at their current job if things could change. Financially, they have seen a slight increase in living paycheck to paycheck, up 4 points from 2023.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK		
	Seattle	Total Workforce
I am dissatisfied with my current job	21% ∆+1	20% ∆-2
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	70% ∆-3	69% ∆-1
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	45% Δ+8	42% ∆+2
I am easily replaceable in my job position	51% ^{Δ+9}	53% ∆+4

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
	Seattle M	Total /orkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	53% ∆+4	63% ∆- 2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	37%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	29% ∆-1	35% ∆-3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	56%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	45%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MO	BILITY		
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	51% A+1	Total Vorkforce 54% ∆+1		
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	44%	36%		
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS NEED TO KNOW				
I would quit my job without having another lined up	40% \(\Delta \) +8	29% ∆-1		
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	79% Δ0	70% ∆+2		

CAREER OPTIMISM		
	Seattle Total Workforce	
I am hopeful about the future of my career	78% Δ-4 78% Δ-2	
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	70% \(\(\Delta + 3 \) 68% \(\Delta - 3 \)	

* Significant differences	s indicated by no	urnle or green text	A Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY		
Seattle I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 67% in choosing when those hours are	Total Workforce 67%	
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 84%	78%	

RESKILLING & UPSKILLING	
Total Seattle Workforce	
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al 49% 48%	
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job 50% Δ +4 49% Δ +3	3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities 65%	
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI 54%	





TAMPA

Tampa workers are less likely than the average American worker to be actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months. Financially, while they are less likely to be living paycheck to paycheck, they still feel their salary has not increased at the same rate of inflation. Additionally, Tampa workers feel positively about the job opportunities available to them and are more likely than they were last year to quit a job without having another one lined up (up 4 points from 2023).

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK		
	Total Tampa Workforce	
I am dissatisfied with my current job	17% Δ-2 20% Δ-2	
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	66% Δ-1 69% Δ-1	
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	36% ∆+1 42% ∆+2	
I am easily replaceable in my job position	50% Δ-1 53% Δ +4	

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
	Tampa V	Total Vorkforce
I live paycheck to paycheck	51% ∆-7	63% ∆-2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	45%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	29% ∆-8	35% ∆- 3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	50%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	46%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MOI	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	120/ 1-3	Total Vorkforce 54% Δ+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	38%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS	NEED T	.о
I would quit my job without having another lined up	31% ∆+4	29% _{Δ-1}
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	71% ∆-4	70% ∆+2
•		

CAREER OPTIMISM			
Lam baneful about the future of my	Tampa Total Workforce		
I am hopeful about the future of my career	78% Δ0 78% Δ-2		
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	73% △ -2 68% △ -3		

^{*} Significant differences indicated by **purple** or **green** text Δ *Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift*

FLEXIBILITY	
Tampa I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility 62% in choosing when those hours are	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility 80%	78%

RESKILLING & UP	SKILLING	G
	Tampa _N	Total /orkforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of Al	36%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job	45% ∆+3	49% ∆+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	61%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	52%	53%





WASHINGTON D.C.

Workers in Washington D.C. highly value flexibility – they are more likely than the average American worker to be willing to work more hours if they had flexibility and feel more productive at their job when they do have flexibility. They have opportunities for career development and internal mobility, and highly value how much a company invests in reskilling and upskilling. They are among the top DMAs when it comes to knowledge of AI.

ENGAGEMENT & OUTLOOK			
	D.C.	ı	Total Vorkforce
I am dissatisfied with my current job	18%	Δ-7	20% ∆-2
My current job provides me with opportunities for career development	80%	∆+6	69% ∆-1
I do not see a clear path for advancing my career	35%	Δ-1	42% _{Δ+2}
I am easily replaceable in my job position	43%	Δ-8	53% ∆ +4

FINANCIAL MATTERS		
I live paycheck to paycheck	D.C. ν 49% Δ+1	Total Vorkforce 63% Δ -2
My salary / wage has not increased at the same rate as inflation	28%	38%
I struggle with the basic costs of living	25% ∆+4	35% ∆-3
I feel I am making less money than other people in my same job	53%	55%
I can afford less now than I could two years ago	31%	42%

JOB SEEKING & INTER	NAL MOI	BILITY
I am actively looking or expecting to look for a new job in the next 6 months	55% A-4	Total /orkforce 54% ∆+1
My current employer provides opportunities for internal mobility	49%	36%
AND WHAT EMPLOYERS KNOW	NEED T	о
I would quit my job without having another lined up	26% ∆ -1	29% ∆-1
If things could change at my current job, I would consider staying	76% ∆+14	70% ∆+2
CAREER OPTI	MISM	
	D C	Total Vorkforce

CAREER OPTIMISM		
	D.C.	Total Workforce
I am hopeful about the future of my career	85% ∆+2	78% ∆-2
I feel positive about the job opportunities available to me	73% △ 0	68% ∆ -3

^{*} Significant differences indicated by purple or green text Δ Indicates Wave-over-Wave Shift

FLEXIBILITY		
I would be willing to work more hours at my job if I could have more flexibility in choosing when those hours are	D.C. 72%	Total Workforce 67%
I feel I am more productive at my job when I have more flexibility	88%	78%

RESKILLING & UPS	SKIL	LING
	D.C.	Total Workforce
I consider myself knowledgeable of AI	57%	48%
I will need to learn new skills within the next year to continue my current job	57%	Δ0 49% Δ+3
How much a company invests in reskilling or upskilling its employees is something I consider when looking at new opportunities	77%	65%
I need support learning new skills or tools related to AI	58%	53%





ADDITIONAL METHODLOGY DETAILS

DEMOGRAPHICS - NAT REP

Gender	
Male	53%
Female	47%

Age	
Gen Z	15%
Millennial	36%
Gen X	33%
Boomer+	16%

Region	
Northeast	18%
Midwest	21%
South	37%
West	24%

Race/Ethnicity	
White	61%
Black	8%
Hispanic/Latinx	23%
Asian	4%
Other	4%

Education	
Some high school or less	2%
High school graduate	25%
Vocational/tech school	7%
Some college	29%
College graduate	24%
Post-graduate degree (e.g., MA, MBA, LLD, PhD)	13%

Employment Status	
Employed full-time	65%
Employed part-time	18%
Temporarily/contractually employed	1%
Student	3%
Homemaker	1%
Unemployed	11%
Other	1%
Student Homemaker Unemployed	3% 1% 11%

Income	
Under \$50,000	42%
\$50,000-\$99,999	32%
\$100,000-\$149,999	14%
\$150,000+	10%

Living Area	
Urban	32%
Suburban	44%
Rural	23%

Children in HH	
Yes, 12 or under	26%
Yes, between the ages of 13 and 17	17%
Yes, 18 years of age or older	12%
No children in household	55%

Industry (Top 10)	
Healthcare	12%
Retail	10%
Education	9%
Software and IT Services	8%
Food & Beverage	8%
Manufacturing	7%
Construction and Architecture	7%
Finance / Banking / Accounting	6%
Consumer Goods	4%
Engineering	4%

DEMOGRAPHICS – EMPLOYERS

Gender	
Male	64%
Female	35%
Non-binary	<1%

Region	
Northeast	20%
Midwest	20%
South	41%
West	19%

Race/Ethnicity		
White	64%	
Black	8%	
Hispanic/Latinx	22%	
Asian	3%	
Other	3%	

Income	
Under \$50,000	16%
\$50,000-\$99,999	32%
\$100,000-\$149,999	29%
\$150,000+	23%

Education	
High school graduate	7%
Vocational/tech school	4%
Some college	16%
College graduate	39%
Post-graduate degree (e.g., MA, MBA, LLD, PhD)	34%

Employment Status	
Employed full-time	93%
Employed part-time	7%

Living Area	
Urban	41%
Suburban	45%
Rural	14%

Children in HH	
Yes, 12 or under	41%
Yes, between the ages of 13 and 17	33%
Yes, 18 years of age or older	8%
No children in household	37%

Job Level	
C-Level	29%
Vice President	7%
Director	22%
Manager	32%
Assistant or Associate	9%

Company Size (Employees)		
10 or less	15%	
11-49	8%	
50-999	39%	
1,000-4,999	24%	
5,000-9,999	7%	
10,000-19,999	2%	
20,000+	5%	

Company Revenue	
Less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 - less than \$1M	12%
\$1M to less than \$5M	15%
\$5M to less than \$10M	17%
\$10M to less than \$25M	19%
\$25M or more	23%

Department	
Human resources	25%
Learning and development	1%
Information technology	21%
Sales or business development	9%
Operations	21%
Production	4%
Research and development	2%
Accounting/finance	7%
Other	9%

Industry Work In (Top 5)	
Software and IT services	20%
Manufacturing	11%
Healthcare	10%
Retail	9%
Education	9%

CALCULATIONS

Employer Savings for Boosting Career Optimism

1. Increased Productivity

- 1. Survey data tells us that optimistic employees are more satisfied with their work-life balance than non-optimistic employees
- 2. Third party data tells us that employees who are more satisfied with their work-life balance are more productive
- 3. Applying the difference in productivity to the difference in work-life balance satisfaction between optimistic and non-optimistic employees gives us the reduced payroll costs from not having to pay additional staff to accomplish the same work, which translates into a boost in revenue based on payroll:revenue ratio

2. Decreased Turnover

- 1. Survey data tells us that optimistic employees are less likely to leave their current job than non-optimistic employees
- 2. Third party data tells us that the cost of an employee leaving is 50-200% of an employee's income
- 3. Applying the difference in turnover between optimistic and non-optimistic employees to 125% of median annual income gives us savings from reducing turnover

3. Decreased Insurance Premiums

- 1. Survey data tells us that optimistic employees are more satisfied with their current job than non-optimistic employees
- 2. Third party data tells us that employees who are more satisfied with their jobs are healthier
- 3. Applying the difference in health to the difference in job satisfaction between optimistic and non-optimistic employees gives us the reduced healthcare premium costs from having healthier staff

Employee Value for Boosted Career Optimism

 Linear regression model on survey data measures optimism's impact on the income of employees, using only full-time employed respondents while controlling for demographics

Career Optimism Drivers Analysis

- Survey questions are separated into two data sets, one containing actions (steps taken by employers/employees) and the other containing perceptions (thoughts held by employees) hypothesized to have an affect on career optimism
- Using machine learning, each data set is tested using gradient boosting to find the top 5 drivers of career optimism for each category

Descriptive Statistics for Employee Value

- Using survey data, calculated as the percent difference between optimistic and non-optimistic respondents in the share of people who experienced the benefit US Total Opportunity Cost
- Using fulltime employee population in US workforce, proportion of employees who are unoptimistic is extrapolated from survey results
- · Benefit for workers is calculated by taking non-optimistic population and applying per employee annual income benefit of optimism
- Benefit for employers is calculated by taking fulltime employee population and applying per employee annual savings from optimism

3rd PARTY SOURCES

Metric	Source
Correlation between job satisfaction and overall physical health	The Relationship Between Job Satisfaction and Health: A Meta-Analysis
Average annual health insurance premiums in 2023	KFF Cost of Insurance
Percent of medical care premiums paid by employer	BLS
Cost of Employee Turnover	Gallup
Increase in productivity for employees with job satisfaction	University of Warwick
Correlation between job satisfaction and employee turnover	ResearchGate

THANK YOU.